

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

of the

TOWN OF RIDGEFIELD, CONNECTICUT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

PREPARED BY:

THE FINANCE DEPARTMENT KEVIN F. REDMOND, TOWN CONTROLLER

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

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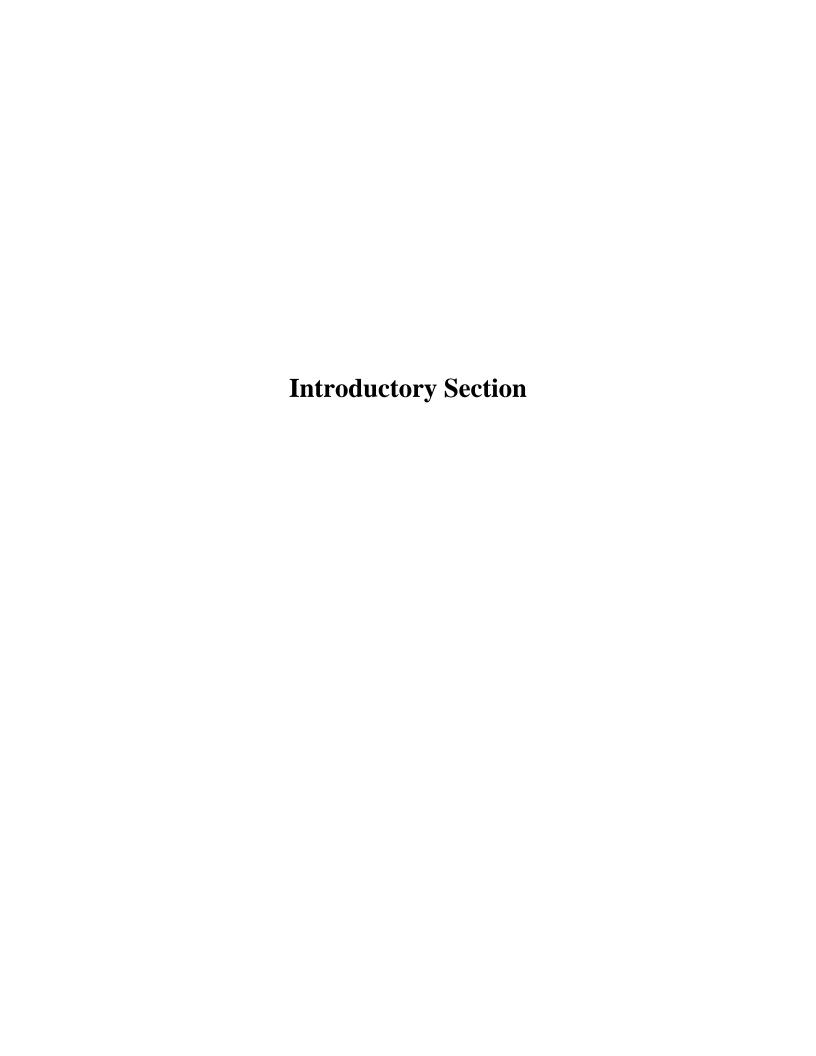
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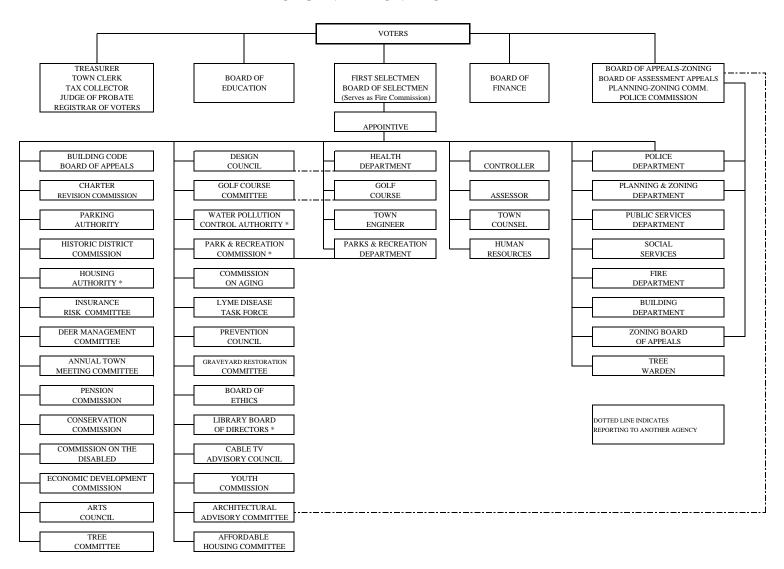
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ORGANIZATIONAL CHART



^{*} Appointed by Board of Selectmen but no direct reporting control

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TOWN OF RIDGEFIELD



Finance Department

December 16, 2014

Board of Finance Town of Ridgefield Ridgefield, Connecticut 06877

State law requires that all local governments publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the comprehensive annual financial report of the Town of Ridgefield, Connecticut, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the Town of Ridgefield. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the Town of Ridgefield has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the Town of Ridgefield's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefit, the Town of Ridgefield's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The Town of Ridgefield's financial statements have been audited by Blum, Shapiro & Company, P.C. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the Town of Ridgefield for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditors concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the Town of Ridgefield's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the Town of Ridgefield was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies and a similar State Single Audit. The standards governing single audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of major federal and state awards. These reports are available in the Town of Ridgefield's separately issued Federal and State Single Audit Reports. GAAP require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The Town of Ridgefield's MD&A can be found immediately following the independent auditors' report.

Profile of the Government

The Town of Ridgefield was settled in 1708 by settlers from Norwalk and was incorporated as Connecticut's forty-third town in October 1709. It covers an area of 35 square miles in western Fairfield County on the New York State border and serves a population of approximately 25,000. The Town of Ridgefield is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal properties located within its boundaries. U.S. Route 7 and State Route Numbers 33, 35, 102 and 116 traverse the Town. The interchange of Interstate Routes 84 and 684 is conveniently located and accessible to Ridgefield. MetroNorth and intrastate buses provide passenger transportation.

The Town of Ridgefield, pursuant to its home-rule charter, has a Town Meeting form of government with a five-member elected Board of Selectmen and a five-member elected Board of Finance. Elections are held biennially in every odd-numbered year, and members of both the Board of Selectmen and Board of Finance serve for four-year terms. Minority representation is guaranteed on all boards and commissions. The inhabitants also have the powers and privileges conferred and granted to Towns and Cities under the Constitution and the General Statutes of the State of Connecticut.

The First Selectman is the full-time chief executive and administrative officer of the Town and oversees the execution of all laws and ordinances governing the Town. He presides over the Board of Selectmen and has full voting privileges on the Board. He or his designee is also an ex-officio member of all Town boards, commissions and agencies, but without power to vote.

The responsibility for performing the day-to-day financial operations is shared by the Town Treasurer and a full-time Controller. The chief duties of the Treasurer are the custody of all funds, receipts and deposits of all monies due the Town, disbursement of the Town funds on order from authorized officials and execution of long and short-term investments for all funds. The Controller is responsible for the coordination and the administration of the financial affairs of the Town. He is responsible for the keeping of the accounts and financial records, the control over expenditures, payroll and preparing financial reports for proper budget control. He also works closely with the First Selectman and the Board of Finance in preparing the budget and financial planning.

Profile of the Government (continued)

The Town of Ridgefield provides a full range of services, including police and fire protection, the construction and maintenance of streets and other infrastructure, public works, health and welfare, education and recreational activities. In addition to general Town activities, the governing body is financially accountable for the Ridgefield Library Association, Inc., a discretely presented component unit. Information regarding the activity of the Ridgefield Library Association, Inc., has been included as an integral part of the Town of Ridgefield's financial statements. Additional information about each entity can be found in Note 1.A. of the notes to the basic financial statements.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the Town of Ridgefield's financial planning and control. The general fund is the only fund for which a legal budget is adopted. The budget policy and procedures are described in Note 2.A. of the notes to the basic financial statements. Budget to actual comparisons are provided in this report on Required Supplementary Information Schedules 1 and 2.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The Town of Ridgefield, located in one of the highest per capita income areas of the United States, is a suburban residential community. Residents are predominantly professional, technical and managerial people employed in Fairfield County, Connecticut, Westchester County, New York and New York City.

Local Economy. Boehringer-Ingelheim, Ltd., a German drug research, development and manufacturing firm, owns 250 acres in the Town of Ridgefield. Facilities include an administrative office building, a research and development center, and an assessment and administrative support facility, totaling approximately 900,000 square feet.

Ridgefield has continued to see new commercial and retail development consisting of both new construction and conversions of existing dwellings. Part of this trend is the development of mixed-use (commercial/residential) construction. In addition, new commercial development continues to expand along Route 35.

Long-Term Financial Planning. The cooperative relationship between Boehringer-Ingelheim and the Town is the model of future relationships envisioned by the Ridgefield Economic Development Commission. Boehringer-Ingelheim has initiated a multi-million dollar plan to expand its facilities in Ridgefield with upgrades to its manufacturing, research and development plant. To foster a favorable investment environment, the Town granted a seven-year tax incentive plan to Boehringer-Ingelheim upon obtaining its certificate of occupancy. The eventual tax benefit to Ridgefield will represent a significant increase to its commercial tax base.

Residential construction in the form of small to midsized multi-family dwellings is on the rise in and around the center of town. These developments are attractive to current residents as well as nearby communities because of Ridgefield's attractive Main Street and retail establishments that fill its side streets. These developments provide welcome growth to Ridgefield's Grand List.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition (continued)

General Fund Balance. The unassigned fund balance of the General Fund increased by 10.1% in 2014. The current undesignated fund balance provides the Town with the equivalence of approximately 37 working days of expenditures. This significantly reduces the likelihood of the Town entering the short-term debt market to pay for current operating expenditures.

Pension Trust Fund Operations. The operations of the Pension Trust Fund continued to be positively impacted by the market improvement in 2014. The net assets held in trust increased \$15,653,550 to \$95,760,478 at June 30, 2014 as a result of current year activity. The Pension Trust Fund experienced a trust yield of 18.8% on a time weighted market value basis for this same period. Additional information on the Town of Ridgefield's pension arrangements can be found in Note 4.A. of the notes to the basic financial statements.

Relevant Financial Policies

Cash and Investment Management. Cash temporarily idle during the year was invested in demand deposits and certificates of deposit. The Pension Trust Fund's investment portfolio also includes equities, commercial paper and mutual funds. The Town is limited, except for the Pension Trust Fund, by existing State of Connecticut Statutes as to the investment instruments it can purchase. Therefore, the Town investment policy is to minimize credit and market risks while maintaining a competitive yield on its portfolio within the State's guidelines.

Risk Management. The Town has a risk management program for property, casualty, worker's compensation and other claims. As part of this program, resources have been accumulated in an internal service fund to pay deductibles and losses. In addition, various risk control techniques, including employee accident prevention training, have been implemented to minimize related losses. Third-party coverage is maintained for claims greater than the established risk assumption policy.

Other Post Employment Benefits. The Town implemented GASB Statement 45 in fiscal year ended 2009. A trust was formally established in December 2009. The Town used a five year phase-in funding approach. For fiscal 2014, the Town and Board of Education contributed a total of \$432,000 to the trust.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Town of Ridgefield for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the year ended June 30, 2013. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award-recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such Comprehensive Annual Financial Report must satisfy both accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement Program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA.

The preparation of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire Finance Department staff and assistance from the Treasurer and Chairman of the Pension Commission. In addition, without the leadership and support of the First Selectman, Rudolph Marconi, the Board of Selectmen and Board of Finance, this report would not have been possible.

Sincerely yours,

Kevin F. Redmond

Town Controller

LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2014

BOARD OF SELECTMEN

Rudolph Marconi, First Selectman Andrew Bodner, Selectman Barbara Manners, Selectman Di Masters, Selectman Maureen Kozlark, Selectman

BOARD OF FINANCE

Dave Ulmer, Chairman
Paul Sutherland, Vice Chairman
Jill Bornstein, Member
Marty Heiser, Member
Jessica Mancini, Member

TOWN DEPARTMENTS

Maureen Kiernan, Treasurer Kevin F. Redmond, Controller Alfred Garzi, Tax Assessor Jane Berendsen-Hill, Tax Collector Dr. Deborah Low, Superintendent of Schools Paul Hendrickson, Business Manager of Schools Peter Hill, Superintendent of Highways Charles Fisher, Town Engineer Barbara Serfilippi, Town Clerk John Roche, Chief of Police Kevin Tappe, Fire Chief William Reynolds, Building Official Betty Brosius, Planning & Zoning Edward Briggs, Health Department Paul Roche, Parks & Recreation Director Tony Phillips, Social Services Director

AUDITORS

Blum, Shapiro & Company, P.C.



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

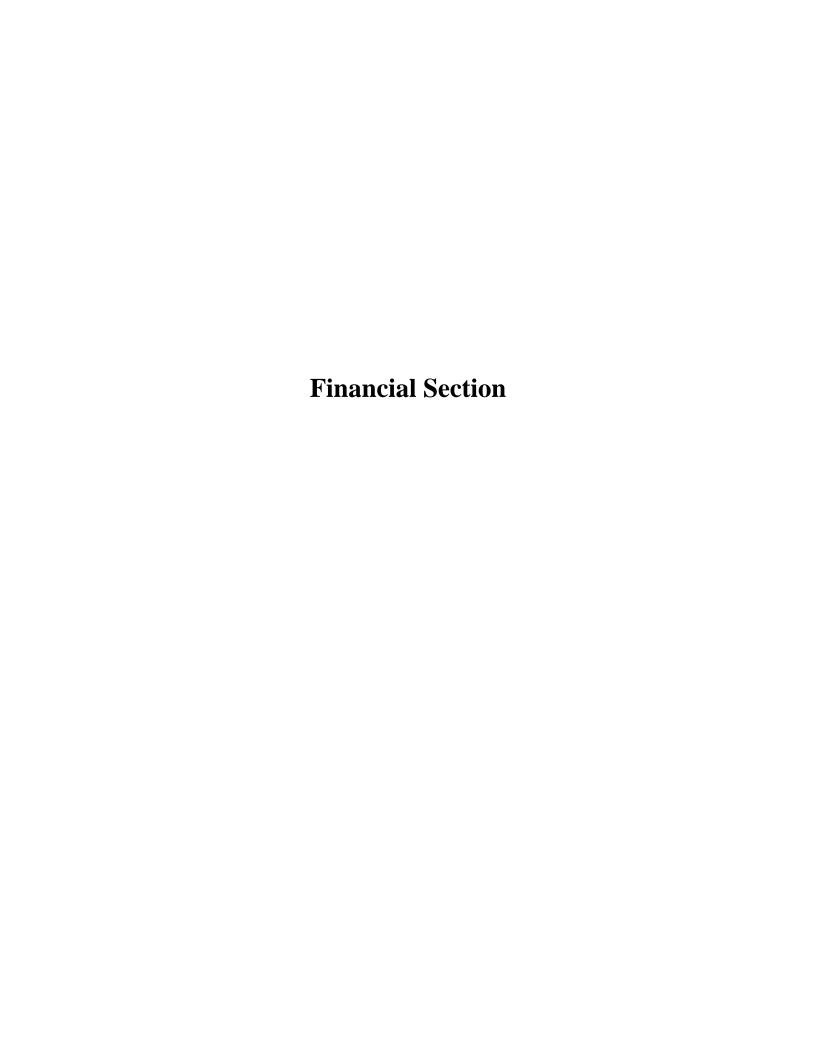
Presented to

Town of Ridgefield Connecticut

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2013

Executive Director/CEO



Tel 860.561.4000 Fax 860.521.9241



Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Finance Town of Ridgefield, Connecticut

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Ridgefield, Connecticut, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Ridgefield, Connecticut's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Ridgefield, Connecticut, as of June 30, 2014 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 14, the budgetary comparison information on pages 63 through 65, the schedules of changes in the net pension liabilities and related ratios on pages 66 through 68, the schedules of employer contributions on pages 69 through 71 and the schedule of investment returns on page 72 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Ridgefield, Connecticut's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 16, 2014 on our consideration of the Town of Ridgefield, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Ridgefield, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

West Hartford, Connecticut

Blum, Shapino + Company, P.C.

December 16, 2014

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Introduction

This Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) incorporates the financial reporting requirements of the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 34. Fund statements measure and report the "operating results" of many funds by presenting the short-term performance of individual funds using the same measures governments use when financing current operations. Showing budgetary compliance is an important part of governmental accountability; therefore, we include the *original* budget as well as the final amended budget in this report.

Our objective is to provide a readable analysis of our financial performance for the year. Taken together, the following statements should enable you to assess whether the Town of Ridgefield's financial position has improved or deteriorated as a result of the year's operations. The CAFR includes government-wide financial statements prepared on the accrual basis for all of the Town's activities. Accrual accounting measures not just current assets and current liabilities, but long-term assets and liabilities as well. It also reports all revenues and all costs of providing services each year, not just those received or paid in the current fiscal year.

In summary, the government-wide financial statements will allow:

- The assessment of the finances of the Town in its entirety, including the year's operating results;
- Determination whether the overall financial position improved or deteriorated;
- Evaluation of whether current year revenues were sufficient to pay for current year services;
- Presentation of the costs of services the Town provides;
- Presentation of how each service is financed through user fees and other program revenues versus general tax revenues;
- Understanding the extent to which your government has invested in capital assets, including roads, bridges, sewers, schools, parks, and other infrastructure assets.

Overview of the Financial Statements

Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) - An introduction to the basic financial statements and an analytical overview of the Town's financial activities. The MD&A provides an objective and easily readable analysis of the Town's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, or conditions.

Basic Financial Statements

Government-Wide Financial Statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Ridgefield's finances in a manner similar to private-sector businesses. They include a statement of net position which presents information on all of the Town's assets and liabilities with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating. The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year.

All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. The government-wide financial statements include not only the Town itself (known as the *primary government*), but also the legally separate Ridgefield Library and Historical Association, Inc. for which the Town is financially accountable. Financial information for this *component unit* is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

Fiduciary activities whose resources are not available to finance our governmental programs are excluded from these statements.

Capital assets, including infrastructure, are reported along with depreciation expense in the statement of activities. Net position is reported as net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. Permanent endowments, or permanent fund principal amounts included in restricted net position, are shown as either expendable or nonexpendable.

Expenses are presented reduced by program revenues resulting in a measurement of "net (expense) revenue" for each of the government's functions. Program expenses include all direct expenses. General revenues such as taxes, unrestricted grants and contributions, and investment income are reported separately, ultimately arriving at the change in net position for the period.

Fund Financial Statements are a grouping of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Ridgefield, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental fund financial statements include financial data for the general fund, special revenue funds, capital projects, and permanent fund. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements with similar information presented for governmental funds in the long-term impact of the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Town maintains eighteen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, the capital nonrecurring fund, the bonded projects fund, and the sewer bond repayment fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other twelve special revenue governmental funds, two internal service funds, and one permanent fund are combined into single, aggregated presentations. Information for the permanent Ballard Park fund is presented separately. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The Town of Ridgefield adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund.

A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Proprietary fund financial statements include the financial data for the internal service fund which is the only type of proprietary fund maintained by the Town. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to calculate and allocate costs internally among the Town's various functions. The Town uses internal service funds for the risk management program for property, casualty, worker's compensation and other claims. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the Town of Ridgefield's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Consist of notes that provide information essential to your understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information (RSI)

Consists of MD&A and the Town of Ridgefield's schedule of revenues and other sources and schedule of expenditures and other uses - budget and actual (RSI 1-2).

Schedule of Changes in the Town's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios -

Last Fiscal Year (RSI-3).

Schedule of Changes in Town's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios -

Last Fiscal Year - Firefighters Union Pension Plan (RSI-4)

Schedule of Changes in Town's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios -Last Fiscal Year - Police Union Pension Plan (RSI-5)

Schedule of Town Contributions - Last 10 Fiscal Years (RSI-6)

Schedule of Investment Returns - Last Fiscal Year (RSI-7)

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the Town of Ridgefield exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent year by \$114,297,377 (net position). Of this amount, \$20,978,070 (unrestricted) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The government's total net position grew by \$2,668,602. This increase resulted primarily from an increase in fund balances of \$2,171,323 driven by a positive general fund operation of \$1,405,205, a \$245,684 gain in bonded projects account, while various other results and transactions contributed to an overall additional net increase of \$520,434.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported combining ending fund balances of \$16,655,644, an increase of \$2,171,323 in comparison with the prior year. Of this amount, \$9,487,426 is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).

- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$12,897,561, or 9.67% of 2015 budgeted general fund expenditures.
- Ridgefield floated two bond issues in FY 2014, one for \$8,170,000, mostly for the library, and a refunding issue for \$10,240,000. The net result was a \$2,040,000 reduction in our bonded debt from \$89,690,000 to \$87,650,000. We continued to reduce our 2% drinking water notes from \$463,361 to \$437,815.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. Most of Ridgefield's net position (81.61%) reflect its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the Town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

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Table 1. IV	-	Total Primary		Total Primary
		Government		Government
	_	2014		2013
Current and other assets	\$	31,105,661	\$	30,506,337
Capital assets		189,718,792	·	191,411,754
Total Assets		220,824,453	•	221,918,091
Deferred charge on refunding	_	2,997,383	•	
Long-term liabilities		99,801,694		98,506,445
Other liabilities		9,722,765		11,782,871
Total Liabilities	_	109,524,459		110,289,316
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets		93,277,534		92,535,842
Restricted		41,773		41,682
Unrestricted	_	20,978,070		19,051,251
Total Net Position	\$_	114,297,377	\$	111,628,775

The balance of *unrestricted net position*, \$20,978,070, may be used to meet the Town's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position both for the Town as a whole as well as for its separate governmental activities.

The government's net position increased by \$2,668,602 during the current fiscal year as previously indicated and explained.

Governmental activities brought in general revenues of \$150,192,788 which exceeded its gross operating expenses of \$147,524,186 by the amount of the net asset increase. Gross expenses were offset by \$13,129,721 in charges for services and \$17,836,669 in operating grants and

contributions. Of the <u>net</u> expenses, \$81,094,780 was accounted for by the Board of Education. Public safety net expenses of \$11,464,472, public works net expenditures of \$5,572,405, general government net expenses of \$5,353,901, and interest expense of \$2,813,682 constituted the majority of the Town's net expenses. The majority of the Town's revenues was \$117,235,686 in property tax collections followed by \$17,836,669 in operating grants, and \$13,129,721 charges for services. Other revenue sources were \$241,212 in unrestricted grants and contributions, \$68,309 in investment income, and \$1,681,191 of miscellaneous income, mostly from the sale of land.

Governmental activities. Governmental activities accounted for all of Ridgefield's increase in net position. Key elements contributing to this increase are as follows:

Table 2. Changes in Net Position

Table 2. Chang		Total Primary Government 2014		Total Primary Government 2013
Revenues:	•		•	
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$	13,129,721	\$	12,803,701
Operating grants and contributions		17,836,669		15,679,679
General revenues:				
Property taxes		117,235,686		113,078,138
Grants and contributions not restricted				
to specific purpose		241,212		706,590
Unrestricted investment earnings		68,309		49,688
Miscellaneous	_	1,681,191	_	48,768
Total Revenues	•	150,192,788		142,366,564
Program Expenses:				
General government		7,239,708		5,547,382
Health and welfare		1,128,544		766,590
Recreation		7,558,077		7,270,110
Public safety		13,142,993		12,854,341
Public works		9,551,580		8,536,286
Education		99,372,877		96,137,658
Library		6,716,725		1,584,665
Interest		2,813,682		2,914,288
Total Program Expenses		147,524,186		135,611,320
Change in net position		2,668,602		6,755,244
Net Position - July 1, as Restated		111,628,775		104,873,531
Net Position - June 30	\$	114,297,377	\$	111,628,775

Property taxes collected rose by \$4.158 million or 3.68% between fiscal year 2013 and 2014 based on the need for increased costs of education, general government, and higher than expected prior year taxes. The collection rate rose to 98.7%, 0.2% higher than last year. Charges for services were \$326 thousand over last year on account of greater recreation fees and town staff services. Operating grants and contributions enjoyed a \$2.157 boost in education funding. Unrestricted grants were down from last year by \$465 thousand reflecting

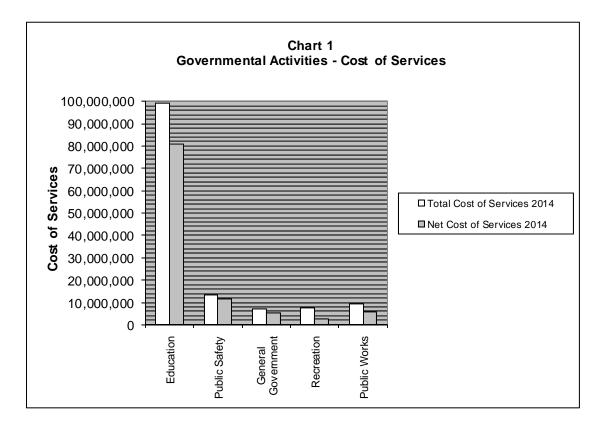
the end of the municipal revenue sharing grant which, last year, added \$445,994 to our revenues but none this year.

Miscellaneous revenue saw a \$1.632 million increase over fiscal 2013 as a result of our \$1.250 million land sale.

Overall, program expenses rose \$11.913 million from last year over many lines. Foremost of the higher outlays was \$6.717 million related to the new library more fully discussed below. General government was up by \$1.692 million, public works by \$1.015 million, and education by \$3.235 million.

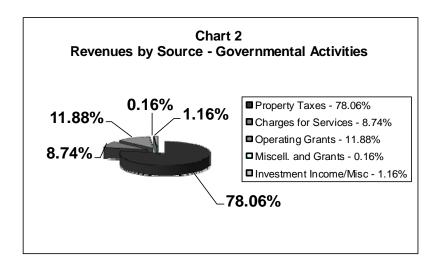
Chart 1 presents the costs of educational services and the four most costly government services as well as each group's net cost (total cost less revenues and grants generated by the activities). Functions not represented on the chart include Health and Welfare, Library and Interest.

The Net Cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the Town's taxpayers by each of these functions.



For the most part, the rise in total expenses reflects higher costs of education and the Town's contribution to the new library.

Chart 2 presents in five categories the most significant sources of revenues Ridgefield drew upon to fund its operations during the year and the percentage of total revenues represented by each.



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, Ridgefield uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. The Town of Ridgefield's governmental activities financial position improved over last year with an increase in net position of \$2,668,602.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Town's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$16,655,644, an increase of \$2,171,323 from the prior year's \$14,484,321. At June 30, 2014, \$9,487,426 of the governmental funds fund balance constitutes *unassigned fund balance* that is available for spending at the government's discretion. Included in the combined fund balances of *restricted*, *committed*, *and assigned* are \$7,131,650 of balances with restricted balances of \$1,647,461, committed balances in the amount of \$2,325,461, and assigned balances of \$3,158,728 comprised of \$900,000 of future use of fund balance and \$2,258,728 of education encumbrances. Further detail on the allocation of these different categories may be found in Note 3.G. of the Notes to the Financial Statements herein.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Town. At the end of the current fiscal year, the total general fund balance amounted to \$16,056,289, and the unassigned general fund balance was \$12.897,561.

The Town of Ridgefield's governmental funds fund balance increased by \$2,171,323 during the current fiscal year. Key factors in this increase are as follows:

The General Fund realized revenues of \$140,890,400 and expenditures of \$138,504,979 for a positive operating result of \$2,385,421. Transfers out of \$1,005,216 to other funds and transfers in of \$25,000 generated a net other financing use of (\$980,216). The net change in fund balance for the general fund was an increase of \$1,405,205 to \$16,056,084.

- The capital nonrecurring fund reflects revenues of \$298,452 and expenditures of \$1,082,478 producing a net excess of expenditures over revenues of (\$784,026). The inclusion of \$440,000 of capital lease proceeds and \$314,500 of transfers in brought the fund balance from the prior year's positive \$457,359 down to a positive \$427,833. We use this fund to account for our various projects.
- The bonded projects fund accounts for our debt transactions and capital outlays not paid for from the operating budget. This fund generated \$22,113 of grant revenues and \$1,550,000, primarily related to the \$1,250,000 sale of land, from various other sources in fiscal year 2014 for a total revenue of \$1,572,113. We recorded \$9,648,781 of capital outlay (\$9,338,922) and debt service (\$309,859) expenditures for capital projects for negative operating results of (\$8,076,668). However, we applied \$10,240,000 of refunding bond and \$8,170,000 new bond proceeds plus bond premiums paid over par of \$1,131,311 less a transfer out of \$314,500 and defeasement of the refunded bonds in the amount of \$11,237,245 for a net increase in fund balance of \$245,684. When applied to the prior year negative fund balance of \$3,542,659, the fund ended the year with a negative fund balance of (\$3,296,975). Fund balance fluctuations are expected due to the timing of bond issuances.
- The sewer bond repayment fund realized \$183,683 of revenues, mostly from service charges and experienced no direct disbursements. There were no expenditures nor transfers in or out, thus fund balance rose by \$183,683 to \$1,659,949.
- Other nonmajor governmental funds collectively realized total revenues of \$6,920,851 and total expenditures of \$7,469,790 for a combined operating shortfall of (\$548,939). Coupled with a net other financing sources and uses input of \$915,216, the nonmajor governmental funds fund balance increased a total of \$366,277 to \$1,442,271.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the year, there was \$300,000 added to the Town Clerk's fees, \$480,000 of additional funds provided for the police department, and \$280,000 for parks and recreation increasing the original revenue budget of \$128,378,233 by \$1,060,000 to \$129,438,233. The police item represented police private duty revenue more than contemplated and the parks and recreation realized higher activity fees as did the Town Clerk's office.

On the expenditure side, general government expenditures were also increased \$1,060,000 with several line item adjustments. Of note, the police department was accorded an additional \$340,000, the highway department an added \$425,000, and parks and recreation an extra \$235,000. In general government, an additional \$70,000 was added to legal counsel somewhat offset by a \$80,000 reduction in insurance and benefits. Finally, an extra \$75,000 was included for town buildings and \$20,000 for school buildings. There were multiple adjustments within the education budget that resulted in no net change to its original \$82,871,238 budget. Combined budget increases represented 0.28% of the original budget.

Operational results generated a negative revenue variance over budget of a net (\$508,905) primarily due not using \$1,750,000 of budgeted general fund balance. We exceeded budget in all major revenue categories save for nominal shortfalls in intergovernmental revenues (\$6,155) and investment income (\$2,751).

We continued to control expenditures in a variety of ways that ultimately generated a net positive expenditure budget variance of \$745,493. Every major department contributed to this effort with public safety favorable by \$205,893, general government \$101,793, public works with \$133,751, and parks and recreation with \$60,849. The Board of Education returned \$217,563 in fringe benefit savings.

In summary, the final general fund balance rose to \$16,056,289, an increase of \$1,405,205.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The Town of Ridgefield's investment in capital assets for its governmental assets includes land, buildings, and systems, improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, highways, and bridges. Note 3.C. of Notes to the Financial Statements for June 30, 2014 details our capital asset additions of \$4,137,476 during the fiscal year before dispositions of \$2,026,988. The total net increase of (before depreciation) in the Town's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was a net \$2,110,488, a 0.52% increase for governmental activities.

The new library, our component unit, added \$18.2 million in new building assets and over a million dollars in furnishings and equipment. The open, flexible floor plan of the new library supports a range of options for each visitor, without requiring additional staff. There are distinct age-appropriate environments for children, teens and adults, as well as clearly defined areas for quiet study and for lively activity. Visitors may choose self-service or personal assistance from the staff, a high-speed computer workstation or secure wireless access anywhere in the building. There is room for a wide and changing range of materials, from traditional print books to the latest digital format. As community needs and library trends evolve, the flexible configuration allows for easy adaptation

Major capital asset acquisitions/disposals during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Land we sold a piece of land for commercial development at a bid price of \$1,250,000 to a developer who plans to build a hotel, a self-storage facility, and general commercial office building.
- All of last year's construction in progress has been completed. For this year, we added a parks and recreation generator, a recreation center outdoor spray and splash pad (\$96 thousand + \$323,000 thousand), and a traffic light on Route 7 (\$124 thousand).
- o Building improvements
 - ❖ Board of Education auditorium seats \$142 thousand
 - ❖ Other various Board of Ed items \$496 thousand
 - ❖ Police Dispatch Console \$234 thousand
- Machinery and Equipment
 - \bullet Golf 2 mowers, \$66 thousand
 - ❖ Public Works John Deere backhoe, \$99.7 thousand plus \$64 thousand for other items
 - ❖ Parks and Recreation Two items, \$61 thousand
- o Infrastructure
 - Copps Hill Streetscape, \$371 thousand
 - ❖ Sidewalks \$51 thousand
 - ❖ Golf cart paths \$25 thousand
 - South Street Gas Main \$179 thousand
 - ❖ Route 35 Pedestrian Footbridge \$157 thousand

Our deletions of \$2,026,988 represent the sale or junking of 100% depreciated vehicles and a \$1,250,000 land sale/transfer.

Table 3. Capital Assets at Year End (Net of Depreciation)

	Total Primary Government						
	2014		2013				
Land	\$ 29,612,176	\$	30,862,176				
Land improvements	1,684,038		1,755,556				
Buildings	119,660,029		120,628,466				
Machinery and equipment	7,593,104		7,258,916				
Infrastructure	30,626,965		30,462,974				
Construction in progress	542,480		443,666				
Total	\$ 189,718,792	\$	191,411,754				

Additional information on the Town of Ridgefield's capital assets can be found in Note 3.C., Capital Assets, in the Notes to Financial Statements, June 30, 2014 of this report.

Long-term and Short-term Debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of Ridgefield had outstanding \$87,650,000 of long-term bonded debt and \$437,815 of long-term notes. As earlier discussed, we retired \$20,450,000 of bond principal through principal payments and refunding and \$25,546 of maturing long-term note principal. We retired \$6,200,000 of BANs issued to fund ongoing capital project expenditures and renewed \$5,000,000 to mature December 16, 2014. All our debt is a general obligation of the Town for which we pledge our full faith and credit for the payment of principal of and interest on our obligations.

Table 4. Long-Term Debt

		Total Primary Govern						
		2014		2013				
General obligation bonds	\$	87,650,000	\$	89,690,000				
Notes payable	_	437,815	. <u> </u>	463,361				
Total	\$	88,087,815	\$	90,153,361				

The Town of Ridgefield maintains an "Aaa" rating from Moody's Investors Service, Inc., an "AAA" rating from Standard & Poor's, and an "AAA" from FitchRatings for general obligation debt.

Connecticut General Statutes Section 7-374(b) limits the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 7 times its tax collections plus interest and lien fees. For June 30, 2014, the maximum amount of borrowing permitted under the formula would be \$816,623,311. With net borrowings for debt limit purposes of \$91,600,588, which includes \$4,175,819 of debt authorized but unissued, the Town of Ridgefield's outstanding general obligation debt is \$725,022,723 below the maximum debt limitation (see Note 3.F. Long-term Debt in Notes to Financial Statements and Table 10, June 30, 2014 of this report).

The Town of Ridgefield has no overlapping debt.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

- The unemployment rate for the Town of Ridgefield at June 30, 2014 was 4.8%, down 1.1% from a year ago. This compares favorably to the state's average unemployment rate of 6.4% and the national average rate of 6.3% for the same period (not seasonally adjusted).
- Inflationary trends in the region compare favorably to the national indices.

The FY 2014 - 15 budget rose \$4,988,874, or 3.89% over last year to \$133,367,107. Town operations increased by 2.97% while education costs rose 2.86%. Property taxes were \$5,389,300 or 4.66% above FY 2014's budget of \$115,658,438. Intergovernmental revenues were budgeted incrementally lower than the previous year by \$66,000 (2.15%) at \$3,002,000. While there were other modest increases and decreases in various revenue sources, in order to minimize the mill rate impact on the taxpayer as much as possible, we contemplate drawing down general fund balance by \$900,000 to complete balancing the budget as required by state law. Our ending general fund balance for FY 2014 is \$16,056,289 and in the vicinity of 11.4% of general fund expenditures, comparable for Fairfield County AAA credits. To fund the new budget, the mill rate went from 25.38 mills to 26.01 mills, a 2.49% increase.

On the expenditure side, Town operations were budgeted at \$33,281,685 (before capital outlays and debt service), a \$961,072 or 2.97% increase from the prior year. School operations increased \$2,373,489 to \$85,244,727, a 2.86% rise over last fiscal year. Debt service decreased a net \$285,686, or (1.48%) to \$12,990,695. Capital project expenditures for road paving and drainage were budgeted at \$1,850,000 for the first time in the operating budget as opposed to the capital budget. Notable increases (or decreases) in existing Town functions are detailed below:

- ❖ Tax collections were raised \$5.389 million to fund the \$2.373 million increase in the education budget, the \$961 thousand increase in the town budget, and the \$1.850 million raise in capital outlay;
- ❖ Budgeted use of fund balance was reduced from \$1.750 million in 2014 to \$900 thousand in FY 2015 being partially offset by the higher tax levy;
- ❖ Information services will be \$72.4 thousand or 17.83% which is more costly due to higher levels of equipment maintenance;
- ❖ Town insurance saw a modest increase of \$61.7 thousand or 14.87% due to higher MIRMA and liability insurance premiums;
- The recreation center needed \$120 thousand more than before in part due to operating expenses, mostly utilities, maintenance, and program costs, of \$88.8 thousand;
- ❖ Fire services rose \$105.2 thousand or 2.78% based primarily on salary increases;
- ❖ Highway support services required a new \$104 thousand related to lease payments on a new MORBARK not previously in the budget;
- ❖ The Board of Education contributed \$2.373 million to the FY 2015 budget increase.

All of these factors contributed to Ridgefield's budget for the 2015 fiscal year.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town of Ridgefield's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Controller, 400 Main Street, Ridgefield, CT 06877.

Basic Financial Statements

TOWN OF RIDGEFIELD, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014

	_	Primary Government	_	Component Unit
	-	Governmental Activities	_	Ridgefield Library
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	24,764,700	\$	3,830,091
Restricted cash		11,409		
Investments		59,178		270,454
Restricted investments		30,364		1,922,894
Receivables, net		6,203,442		1,320,889
Other assets		36,568		14,164
Capital assets:				
Assets not being depreciated		30,154,656		246,441
Assets being depreciated, net	_	159,564,136	_	19,257,314
Total assets	-	220,824,453	_	26,862,247
Deferred Outflows of Resources:				
Deferred charge on refunding	-	2,997,383	_	_
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued items		2,398,425		182,085
Interest payable		1,255,374		
Unearned revenue		1,006,622		
Other liabilities		62,344		
Bond anticipation note payable		5,000,000		
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Due within one year		11,754,457		
Due in more than one year	_	88,047,237	_	2,277,550
Total liabilities	-	109,524,459	_	2,459,635
Net Position:				
Net investment in capital assets		93,277,534		17,240,364
Restricted for:				
Endowments				1,944,652
Perpetual trust held by third party				1,849,854
Permanent Fund:				
Expendable		41,773		
Unrestricted	_	20,978,070	_	3,367,742
Total Net Position	\$_	114,297,377	\$_	24,402,612

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

			Pı	rogram Revenues	_	Expenses) Net Position						
Functions/Program Activities	Ex	penses		arges for ervices	· <u>-</u>	Operating Grants and Contributions	-	Capital Grants and Contributions	_	Total Governmental Activities	_	Component Unit
Primary Government: Governmental Activities: General government Health and welfare Recreation Public safety Public works Education Library Interest on long-term debt	1 7 13 9 99	\$,239,708 \$,128,544 \$,558,077 \$,142,993 \$,551,580 \$,372,877 \$,716,725 \$,813,682		1,780,912 80,556 4,535,460 1,384,985 2,812,681 2,535,127	\$	104,895 213,946 314,828 293,536 1,166,494 15,742,970	\$		\$	(5,353,901) (834,042) (2,707,789) (11,464,472) (5,572,405) (81,094,780) (6,716,725) (2,813,682)	\$	
Total Primary Government	\$ 147	,524,186 \$	\$1	13,129,721	\$	17,836,669	\$	-	_	(116,557,796)		
Component Unit: Ridgefield Library Association, Inc.		<u>,,901,643</u> \$	<u> </u>	46,688	\$_	7,000,098	\$	878,599			_	5,023,742
General Revenues: Property taxes Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs Investment income Miscellaneous										117,235,686 241,212 68,309 1,681,191	_	792,172 7,163
	Net G	eneral Reven	ues						_	119,226,398	_	799,335
	Chang	ge in Net Posi	tion							2,668,602		5,823,077
	Net P	osition - Begi	nning o	of Year, as R	estat	ed				111,628,775	_	18,579,535
	Net P	osition - End	of Year						\$	114,297,377	\$	24,402,612

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2014

	_	General	Capital Nonrecurring		Bonded Projects		Sewer Bond Repayment		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		. <u>-</u>	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS												
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables, net Due from other funds Other assets	\$	18,182,672 59,178 4,345,828 59,358	\$	312,310 231,859 140,000	\$	2,147,174	\$	1,659,949 650,790	\$	2,375,851 30,364 150,630 36,568	\$	24,677,956 89,542 5,379,107 199,358 36,568
Total Assets	\$_	22,647,036	\$	684,169	\$_	2,147,174	\$	2,310,739	\$	2,593,413	\$	30,382,531
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES												
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued payroll Due to other funds	\$	1,038,613 565,325	\$	25,893	\$	444,149	\$		\$	309,887 199,358	\$	1,818,542 565,325 199,358
Bond anticipation notes payable Unearned revenue Other	_	844,275 62,344	. <u>-</u>		_	5,000,000	-			162,347	· -	5,000,000 1,006,622 62,344
Total Liabilities	_	2,510,557	_	25,893	_	5,444,149	_	-		671,592	_	8,652,191
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue - property taxes Unavailable revenue - special assessments Unavailable revenue - other receivables	_	4,080,190	. <u>-</u>	230,443	_		_	650,790		113,273		4,080,190 881,233 113,273
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	4,080,190	-	230,443	_		-	650,790		113,273	_	5,074,696
Fund balances: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned	_	3,158,728 12,897,561		427,833		(3,296,975)	_	1,659,949		36,568 1,219,628 665,512 (113,160)	_	36,568 1,647,461 2,325,461 3,158,728 9,487,426
Total Fund Balances	_	16,056,289		427,833	_	(3,296,975)	_	1,659,949		1,808,548	-	16,655,644
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$_	22,647,036	\$	684,169	\$_	2,147,174	\$	2,310,739	\$	2,593,413	\$	30,382,531

\$ 114,297,377

TOWN OF RIDGEFIELD, CONNECTICUT

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2014

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit I) are different because of the following:

	\$	16,655,644
\$ 264,111,651 (74,392,859)		189,718,792
		897,552 5,074,696 (73,217)
		83,595
	_	(87,650,000) (437,815) (8,036,405) 2,997,383 (537,559) (1,267,000) (1,255,374) (1,237,895) (173,425) (461,595)
\$		\$ 264,111,651

Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit I)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	_	General	_	Capital Nonrecurring	_	Bonded Projects	_	Sewer Bond Repayment	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:										
Property taxes	\$	116,757,863	\$		\$;	\$		\$	\$ 116,757,863
Intergovernmental		15,098,029		259,485		22,113			1,828,007	17,207,634
Charges for services		8,849,796						183,683	4,208,038	13,241,517
Contributions									870,247	870,247
Income from investments		57,251		10,411					639	68,301
Other	_	127,461		28,556		1,550,000			13,920	1,719,937
Total revenues	-	140,890,400		298,452	-	1,572,113		183,683	6,920,851	149,865,499
Expenditures:										
Current:										
General government		10,993,391							25,009	11,018,400
Health and welfare		397,580							298,079	695,659
Community grants		225,772								225,772
Recreation		5,404,145							529,591	5,933,736
Public safety		8,980,252							38,899	9,019,151
Public works		4,839,039							1,928,995	6,768,034
Education		92,761,909							4,649,217	97,411,126
Library		1,716,725				200.050				1,716,725
Debt service		13,186,166		1 000 470		309,859				13,496,025
Capital outlay	-	138,504,979		1,082,478 1,082,478	-	9,338,922 9,648,781			7,469,790	10,421,400
Total expenditures	-	138,504,979	-	1,082,478	•	9,648,781		-	7,469,790	156,706,028
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over										
Expenditures	-	2,385,421	-	(784,026)	-	(8,076,668)		183,683	(548,939)	(6,840,529)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent						(11,237,245)				(11,237,245)
Premium on refunding bonds						1,131,311				1,131,311
Refunding bonds						10,240,000				10,240,000
Issuance of bonds						8,170,000				8,170,000
Premium on issuance of bonds						332,786				332,786
Issuance of capital lease				440,000						440,000
Transfers in		25,000		314,500					940,216	1,279,716
Transfers out	-	(1,005,216)			-	(314,500)			(25,000)	(1,344,716)
Net other financing sources (uses)	-	(980,216)	-	754,500	-	8,322,352		-	915,216	9,011,852
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,405,205		(29,526)		245,684		183,683	366,277	2,171,323
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	-	14,651,084		457,359	-	(3,542,659)		1,476,266	1,442,271	14,484,321
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$	16,056,289	\$	427,833	\$	(3,296,975)	\$	1,659,949	\$ 1,808,548	\$ 16,655,644

2,668,602

TOWN OF RIDGEFIELD, CONNECTICUT

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit II) are different because of the following:

of the following.		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit IV)	\$	2,171,323
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period:		
Capital outlay Less current year depreciation		3,693,810 (4,235,077)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins and donations) is to increase net position. In the statement of activities, only the loss on the sale of capital assets is reported. However, in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the capital assets sold.		(1,151,695)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds:		
Note receivable receipts Decrease in property tax, sewer use, sewer assessment and loan receivable - accrual basis change Decrease in property tax, sewer use and sewer assessment interest and lien revenue Decrease in property tax and sewer use allowance for doubtful accounts		(2,816) (13,107) (743,600) 1,123,473
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The details of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items are as follows:		
Issuance of capital leases Issuance of bonds Issuance of refunding bonds Premium on bonds Premium on refunding bonds Payments on general obligations bonds Payments on notes payable Payments on capital leases		(440,000) (8,170,000) (10,240,000) (332,786) (1,131,311) 20,450,000 25,546 486,408
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:		
Pension obligation OPEB obligation Compensated absences Accrued interest Deferred charge on refunding Bond premium amortization Claims and judgments		216,543 (401,000) (22,226) 168,072 330,625 948,161 (17,826)
The net revenue of the activities of the Internal Service Fund is reported with governmental activities.	_	(43,915)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit II)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2014

	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 98,154
Liabilities: Accounts payable	 14,559
Net Position: Unrestricted	\$ 83,595

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	- -	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
Operating Revenues:	¢	101 261
Insurance proceeds	\$	101,261
Operating Expenses: Claims incurred	_	210,184
Operating Loss		(108,923)
Nonoperating income: Investment income	-	8
Loss before transfers		(108,915)
Transfers in	-	65,000
Change in Net Position		(43,915)
Net Position - Beginning of Year	-	127,510
Net Position - End of Year	\$_	83,595

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	-	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash received as insurance proceeds	\$	101,261
Cash paid for benefits, claims and administration Net cash used in operating activities	-	(204,619) (103,358)
Cash Flows Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities: Transfers in		65,000
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Investment income	-	8
Net Decrease in Cash		(38,350)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	-	136,504
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$ <u>-</u>	98,154
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used in Operating Activities:		
Operating loss Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used in operating activities:	\$	(108,923)
Increase in accounts payable	-	5,565
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities	\$	(103,358)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2014

	Pension Trust Funds	OPEB Trust Fund	Agency Funds
Assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 23,442	\$ 16,817	\$ 1,758,771
Investments - at fair value: Mutual funds:			
Equity	93,739,200	2,302,764	
Common stock	1,749,730		
Certificates of deposit			235,813
Total investments	95,488,930	2,302,764	235,813
Other assets:			
Prepaid benefits	248,106		
Total assets	95,760,478	2,319,581	\$ 1,994,584
Liabilities:			
Due to others			\$ 1,994,584
Net Position	\$ 95,760,478	\$ 2,319,581	

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	_	Pension Trust Funds	_	OPEB Trust Fund
Additions:				
Contributions:				
Employer	\$	2,703,328	\$	432,000
Plan members	_	542,414		
Total contributions	_	3,245,742	_	432,000
Net investment income:				
Net appreciation in fair value of investments		11,055,424		
Interest and dividends		4,293,329		141,366
	_	15,348,753	_	141,366
Less investment expense		(25,000)		
Net investment income	_	15,323,753		141,366
Total additions	_	18,569,495	_	573,366
Deductions:				
Benefits		2,852,379		
Administration		63,566		
Total deductions	_	2,915,945	_	-
Change in Net Position		15,653,550		573,366
Net Position - Beginning of Year	_	80,106,928	_	1,746,215
Net Position - End of Year	\$_	95,760,478	\$_	2,319,581

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The Town of Ridgefield (the Town) was incorporated in 1709 and covers an area of 35 square miles. The Town operates under a Selectmen-Town Meeting form of government as prescribed by the Connecticut General Statutes and its charter, which was adopted in November 1978. The Town provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (police and fire), public works (streets and highways), public health and social services, and education encompassing grades K-12.

The Town has considered all agencies, departments, commissions, boards (including the Board of Education), authorities and funds to determine the "financial reporting entity" of the Town. The "financial reporting entity" includes all funds of the Town (primary government) and its component unit. Component units are legally separate entities for which the elected officials of the Town are financially accountable. Financially accountable means 1) that the Town appoints the majority of the entity's governing body and can impose its will on the entity or the entity provides financial benefits to or imposes financial burdens on the Town, 2) that the entity is fiscally dependent on the Town, or 3) that the financial statements would be misleading if the entity were not included.

Discretely Presented Component Unit

The Ridgefield Library Association, Inc., a nonprofit, is included in the Town's reporting entity as a component unit because the Town appoints a voting majority of the Library's board and provides significant operating subsidies. The Ridgefield Library Association, Inc., operates a free public library for the Town residents. The Town appoints 9 of the 12 board members and subsidizes approximately 75% of operations.

The Ridgefield Library Association, Inc.'s audit report is on file at the Library, 472 Main Street, Ridgefield, CT 06877.

B. Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of the Town have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Town's accounting policies are described below.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component unit. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. The primary government is reported separately from the legally separate component unit for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements, excluding agency funds. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Agency funds have no measurement focus.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period, except for property taxes, which are only considered available when collected during the fiscal year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Property taxes, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. In determining when to recognize intergovernmental revenues (grants and entitlements), the legal and contractual requirements of the individual programs are used as guidance. Revenues are recognized when the eligibility requirements have been met. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Town.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, claims and judgments, are recorded when payment is due.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Capital Nonrecurring Fund* accounts for the major capital improvements and acquisition of equipment for nonfinancial sources. Capital outlays are financed by the issuance of capital leases and capital grants.

The *Bonded Projects Fund* is used to account for the financial revenues to be used for major capital asset construction and/or purchases. Capital outlays are financed by the issuance of general obligation bonds and capital grants.

The Sewer Bond Repayment Fund accounts for assessments for new sewer connections. The major source of revenue for this fund is sewer assessment charges.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

The *Internal Service Funds* account for risk financing activities for insurance claims and deductibles as allowed by GASB Statement No. 10 as well as claims involving heart and hypertension compensation under Connecticut General Statutes.

The *Pension Trust Funds* account for the activities of the Ridgefield Retirement System, which accumulates resources for pension benefit payments to qualified employees.

The *OPEB Trust Fund* accounts for the activities of the Ridgefield Retiree Health Plan, which accumulates resources for health benefit payments to qualified retired employees.

Agency Funds account for monies held as custodian for outside student and municipal groups and agencies.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the internal service fund and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town's internal service funds are charges to customers for services. Operating expenses for internal service funds include the cost of services and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. Unrestricted resources are used in the following order: committed, assigned then unassigned.

Component Unit

The financial statements of the Ridgefield Library Association, Inc., have been prepared on the accrual basis.

C. Cash Equivalents

The Town's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, money market accounts and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less.

D. Investments

Investments are stated at fair value.

E. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

All trade, property tax, sewer use and sewer assessment receivables, including those of its component unit, are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The allowance for uncollectibles is based on an analysis of amounts that are not expected to be collected at June 30, 2014.

F. Restricted Assets

The restricted assets for the Town are restricted for endowment purposes. The Ridgefield Library Association, Inc., has several bequests that are restricted to expenditure of the investment income only for the donor-designated purpose.

G. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 for equipment, \$20,000 for improvements and \$100,000 for infrastructure, and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Property, plant and equipment of the primary government as well as the component unit are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Land improvements	25
Buildings	25 - 75
Machinery and equipment	5 - 25
Infrastructure	50 - 100

Component Unit

Inexhaustible Collections and Books - The values of inexhaustible collections and research books are not readily determinable and are not capitalized. Books purchased and used in circulation are determined to have useful lives of less than one year and are not capitalized.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

H. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Town reports a deferred charge on refunding in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For governmental funds, the Town reports unavailable revenue, which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from several sources: property taxes, special assessments and other receivables. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) in the period in which the amounts become available.

I. Compensated Absences

All employees are granted vacation and sick time based upon contractual provisions. At anniversary year-end, unused vacation and sick time do not accumulate or vest (other than Board of Education employees, firefighters and highway union workers); therefore, in the event of termination or retirement, employees are not compensated for unused vacation and sick time.

The Board of Education employees are paid vacation on a fiscal year basis, and, therefore, unused vacation lapses at June 30. The Town employees are paid vacation on a calendar date basis, and, therefore, a liability for unused vacation has been recorded in the government-wide financial statements. Compensated absences are reported in the governmental funds, primarily the General Fund, only if the amount has matured. Matured amounts are defined as unused reimbursable leave still outstanding following an employee's resignation or retirement.

Certified employees at the Board of Education may accumulate up to 180 days of unused sick time. Firefighters and municipal union workers may accumulate unlimited unused sick time. There is no vesting for these amounts.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

J. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

K. Equity

Equity in the government-wide financial statements is defined as "net position" and is classified in the following categories:

Net Investment in Capital Assets - This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted Net Position - Net position restrictions are externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted Net Position - This component consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

The equity of the fund financial statements is defined as "fund balance" and is classified in the following categories:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - This represents amounts that cannot be spent due to form (e.g., inventories and prepaid amounts).

Restricted Fund Balance - This represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, such as grantors, creditors, contributors, or laws and regulations of their governments.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Committed Fund Balance - This represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by the government using its highest level of decision-making authority (Ridgefield Board of Finance) through the resolution process.

Assigned Fund Balance - This includes amounts constrained to be used for a specific purpose by Executive Management or the Board of Finance, which have been delegated authority to assign amounts by the Town Charter. For the General Fund, this includes the designations of fund balance for subsequent year's budget. The Board of Finance approves the assignment of fund balance for subsequent year's budget through a resolution.

Unassigned Fund Balance - This represents fund balance in the General Fund in excess of restricted, committed and assigned fund balance. If another governmental fund has a fund balance deficit, it is reported as a negative amount in unassigned fund balance.

L. Property Taxes

Property taxes are assessed on property as of October 1. Taxes are billed the following July and are due in four installments, July 1, October 1, January 1 and April 1. Personal property and motor vehicle taxes are billed in July and are due in one installment on July 1. Liens are effective on the assessment date and are continued by filing before the end of the fiscal year following the due date. For fund financial statements, all property taxes receivable at June 30 have been recorded as a deferred inflow of resources, since they are not considered to be available to finance expenditures of the current fiscal year.

M. Accounting Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, including disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities and reported revenues, expenses and expenditures during the fiscal year.

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Town adheres to the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data included in the General Fund financial statements. The General Fund is the only fund for which a legal budget is adopted.

• In April, the Board of Finance submits to a public hearing, at which taxpayer comments are obtained, the proposed operating budget for the year commencing July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

- The Board of Finance submits their final proposed budget to the annual Town Meeting, which is held on the first Monday in May. Those in attendance at the annual Town Meeting may comment on the proposed budget before it is forwarded to a referendum vote. Appropriations may not be increased. The date of the machine vote is also established by the annual Town Meeting, which must be held not less than seven nor more than fourteen days from the date of the annual Town Meeting. The Board of Selectmen is responsible for establishing the hours of voting. This process is repeated, if necessary, until a budget is approved.
- The Board of Finance, in accordance with the provisions of the Charter and the Connecticut General Statutes, is authorized to transfer unexpended balances from one department's appropriation to another. Management may not authorize any additional appropriations. The Board of Finance may provide any single requesting agency with a special appropriation from General Fund unassigned fund balance a sum not to exceed \$50,000 cumulative and/or \$250,000 in the aggregate to all requesting agencies in any fiscal year. Special appropriations in excess of \$3,000,000 must be taken to referendum. During the year ended June 30, 2014, there was an additional appropriation of \$1,060,000.
- Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year.
- Except for encumbrance accounting, the budget is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting.
- The legal level of control, the level at which expenditures may not exceed appropriations, is at the department level.
- The Board of Education, which is not a separate legal entity but a function of the Town, is authorized under state law to make any transfers required within its budget at its discretion. Any additional appropriations must have Board of Education and Board of Finance approval and, if over \$50,000, Town Meeting approval.
- Encumbrances are recognized as a valid and proper charge against a budget appropriation in the year in which the purchase order, contract or other commitment is issued, and, accordingly, encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported in budgetary reports (RSI-2) as expenditures in the current year. Generally, all unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end, except those for the capital projects funds. Appropriations for capital projects are continued until completion of applicable projects, even when projects extend more than one fiscal year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

B. Deficit Fund Equity

The following individual funds had deficit fund balances at June 30, 2014:

Major Funds:	
Bonded Projects	\$ 3,296,975
Nonmajor governmental funds:	
Cafeteria	12,055
Youth Barn	17,215
Solid Waste	47,322

The deficit in the Bonded Projects Fund will be funded by future bond issues. The deficit in the Youth Barn will be funded by future operating transfers from the General Fund. The deficit in the Solid Waste and Cafeteria funds will be funded by future revenues from the funds.

C. Donor Restricted Endowments

The Town has received an endowment for the maintenance of Ballard Park. The amounts are reflected in net position as restricted for permanent funds. The principal and investment income (including appreciation, if any) is approved for expenditure by the individual Board of Finance.

D. Capital Projects Authorizations

The following is a summary of bonded projects and capital nonrecurring projects at June 30, 2014:

Project	A	<u>uthorization</u>	Current Year Expenditures	-	Cumulative Expenditures	Balance June 30, 2014
School buildings	\$	5,487,729 \$	303,629	\$	4,373,943	\$ 1,113,786
Infrastructure		34,031,306	7,066,694		31,603,620	2,427,686
Municipal buildings		2,988,621	565,992		2,496,550	492,071
Motor vehicles		1,411,055	461,471		1,394,248	16,807
Machinery and equipment	_	2,162,504	853,548	-	2,037,035	125,469
Total	\$	46,081,215 \$	9,251,334	\$	41,905,396	\$ 4,175,819

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-402). Deposits may be made in a "qualified public depository" as defined by Statute or, in amounts not exceeding the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance limit, in an "out of state bank" as defined by the Statutes, which is not a "qualified public depository."

The Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-400) permit municipalities to invest in: 1) obligations of the United States and its agencies, 2) highly rated obligations of any state of the United States or of any political subdivision, authority or agency thereof, and 3) shares or other interests in custodial arrangements or pools maintaining constant net asset values and in highly rated no-load open end money market and mutual funds (with constant or fluctuating net asset values) whose portfolios are limited to obligations of the United States and its agencies, and repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such obligations. Other provisions of the Statutes cover specific municipal funds with particular investment authority. The provisions of the Statutes regarding the investment of municipal pension funds do not specify permitted investments. Therefore, investment of such funds is generally controlled by the laws applicable to fiduciaries and the provisions of the applicable plan.

The Statutes (Sections 3-24f and 3-27f) also provide for investment in shares of the State Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF) and the State Tax Exempt Proceeds Fund (TEPF). These investment pools are under the control of the State Treasurer, with oversight provided by the Treasurer's Cash Management Advisory Board, and are regulated under the State Statutes and subject to annual audit by the Auditors of Public Accounts. Investment yields are accounted for on an amortized-cost basis with an investment portfolio that is designed to attain a market-average rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles. Investors accrue interest daily based on actual earnings, less expenses and transfers to the designated surplus reserve, and the fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

Deposits

Deposit Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposit will not be returned. The Town does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes. Deposits may be placed with any qualified public depository that has its main place of business in the State of Connecticut. Connecticut General Statutes require that each depository maintain segregated collateral (not required to be based on a security agreement between the depository and the municipality and, therefore, not perfected in accordance with federal law) in an amount equal to a defined percentage of its public deposits based upon the depository's risk based capital ratio.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures*, \$17,534,195 of the Town's bank balance of \$18,325,409 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$ 15,818,031
Uninsured and collateral held by the pledging bank's	
trust department, not in the Town's name	 1,716,164
Total Amount Subject to Custodial Credit Risk	\$ 17,534,195

At June 30, 2014, the entire balance of the component unit's deposits was covered by federal depository insurance.

Cash Equivalents

At June 30, 2014, the Town's cash equivalents amounted to \$11,534,114. The following table provides a summary of the Town's cash equivalents (excluding U.S. government guaranteed obligations) as rated by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The pools all have maturities of less than one year.

	Standard & Poor's
Money Market Funds* State Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF)	AAAm

^{*}Not rated

At June 30, 2014, the component unit's cash equivalents include money market funds of \$3,373,351 with no rating.

					Invest	Investment Maturitie			es (Years)		
Investment Type	Credit Rating		Fair Value	_	Less Than 1		1 - 10		More Than 10		
Interest-bearing investments: Certificates of deposit	*	\$	325,355	\$	100,727	\$	164,313	\$	60314		
certificates of deposit		Ψ_	323,333	Ψ_	100,727	Ψ.	104,313	Ψ_	00314		
Total			325,355	\$_	100,727	\$	164,313	\$	60,314		
Other investments:											
Common stock			1,749,730								
Mutual funds		_	96,041,964	_							
Total Investments		\$_	98,117,049	=							

^{*}Subject to coverage by Federal Depository Insurance and collateralization.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

At June 30, 2014, the component unit's investments include mutual funds of \$270,454 with no rating or maturity, certificates of deposit of \$73,040 with no rating and a maturity in one to ten years and \$1,849,854 beneficial interest in a perpetual trust.

Interest Rate Risk - The Town does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk - Investments - As indicated above, State Statutes limit the investment options of cities and towns. The Town has no investment policy that would limit its investment choices due to credit risk other than State Statutes governing investments in obligations of any State or political subdivision or in obligations of the State of Connecticut or political subdivision.

Concentration of Credit Risk - The Town has no policy limiting an investment in any one issuer that is in excess of 5% of the Town's total investments. No more than 5% of the Town's investments were invested in any one issuer.

Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk for an investment is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (the institution that pledges collateral or repurchase agreement securities to the Town or that sells investments to or buys them for the Town), the Town will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Town does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2014, the Town did not have any uninsured and unregistered securities held by the counterparty or by its trust department or agent that were not in the Town's name.

The Town's investment policy, in conformity with applicable Connecticut General Statutes, authorizes investment in the State Treasurer's Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF) and Cutwater Asset Management Class Plus Investment. The value of the position in the pools is the same as the value of the pool shares. Regulatory oversight for the State Treasurer's Short-Term Investment Fund is provided quarterly by the Investment Advisory Council and the Treasurer's Cash Management Board. Regulatory oversight for Cutwater Asset Management - Connecticut CLASS Plus Investment is provided by an investment advisory council consisting of members appointed by the municipalities. Other authorized investments include pooled and joint investments meeting the requirements of the policy, excluding those pools investing in "derivative" securities, certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements and obligations of the United States and agencies of the federal government.

The Pension Trust Fund is also authorized to invest in corporate bonds, domestic common stocks, domestic equity real estate and international equities. The investments of this fund are held in trust by a trustee bank, which executes investment transactions under the direction of the pension plan's investment manager.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

B. Receivables

Receivables as of June 30, 2014 for the Town's individual major funds and nonmajor and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	-	General	_	Capital Non- Recurring	 Sewer Bond Repayment	 Nonmajor and Other	 Total
Receivables:							
Property taxes*	\$	4,155,865	\$		\$	\$	\$ 4,155,865
Assessments/use charges*					663,046	119,208	782,254
Intergovernmental				1,416		25,706	27,122
Loans receivable				230,443			230,443
Other		265,638				11,651	277,289
Gross receivables	-	4,421,503		231,859	663,046	156,565	5,472,973
Less allowance for							
uncollectibles**	-	75,675			 12,256	 5,935	 93,866
Net Total Receivables	\$	4,345,828	\$	231,859	\$ 650,790	\$ 150,630	\$ 5,379,107

^{*} Does not include accrued interest on property taxes of \$874,330 and use charges of \$23,222.

Ridgefield Library, the component unit, has recorded contributions receivable in the amount of \$875,292. Ridgefield Library expects \$481,127 to be collected within one year and \$875,292 to be collected within one to five years. The allowance for uncollectibles was \$54,403. A rate of 1.25% was used for contributions expected to be received in more than one year, resulting in discounts to net present value of \$10,803. The Library also has recorded \$500,000 of grants receivable.

^{**} Does not include allowance for uncollectibles on accrued interest on property taxes of \$71,793 and use charges of \$1,424.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

C. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2014 was as follows:

Primary Government

		Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Adjustments	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:	-					
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$	30,862,176 \$	\$	1,250,000	\$	29,612,176
	Ф			-,,	Ф	
Construction in progress	_	443,666	542,480	443,666		542,480
Total capital assets not being depreciated	_	31,305,842	542,480	1,693,666		30,154,656
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Land improvements		6,462,981	25,000			6,487,981
Buildings		147,689,254	1,208,206			148,897,460
Machinery and equipment		30,590,579	1,473,614	333,322		31,730,871
Infrastructure		45,952,507	888,176	,		46,840,683
Total capital assets being depreciated	-	230,695,321	3,594,996	333,322		233,956,995
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Land improvements		4,707,425	96,518			4,803,943
Buildings		27,060,788	2,176,643			29,237,431
Machinery and equipment		23,331,663	1,237,731	333,322	(98,305)	24,137,767
Infrastructure		15,489,533	724,185	,	(, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	16,213,718
Total accumulated depreciation	_	70,589,409	4,235,077	333,322	(98,305)	74,392,859
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	_	160,105,912	(640,081)		98,305	159,564,136
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$_	191,411,754 \$	(97,601) \$	1,693,666	98,305 \$	189,718,792

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

a . 1	
Governmental	activities.

General government	\$	409,608
Public safety		314,864
Public works		1,090,035
Recreation		442,105
Education	_	1,978,465
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$	4,235,077

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Component Unit

Activity for the Ridgefield Library Association, Inc., for the year ended June 30, 2014 was as follows:

		Beginning Balance	_	Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance
Governmental activities:								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	246,441	\$				\$	246,441
Construction in progress		6,213,576	_		_	6,213,576		
Total capital assets not being depreciated	_	6,460,017	-	-	_	6,213,576	_	246,441
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings		31,897		18,244,102				18,275,999
Furnishings and equipment		62,020		1,080,260				1,142,280
Total capital assets being depreciated		93,917		19,324,362	_	-	_	19,418,279
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings		24,622		61,390				86,012
Furnishings and equipment		37,569		37,384				74,953
Total accumulated depreciation		62,191	-	98,774	-		-	160,965
Total accumulated depreciation	_	02,171	-	70,774	-		_	100,703
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		31,726	_	19,225,588	_		_	19,257,314
Ridgefield Library Association, Inc.,								
Capital Assets, Net	\$	6,491,743	\$	19,225,588	\$_	6,213,576	\$_	19,503,755

D. Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

Interfund balances are a result of timing differences between the dates payments occurred for various activities. The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2014 is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	_	Amount
General Fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$	59,358
Capital Nonrecurring Fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	_	140,000
		\$ _	199,358

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Transfers are used to account for the financing by the General Fund of various programs and activities in other funds. The transfers that occurred during the year are as follows:

	_								
	_	General Fund	_ ,	Capital Nonrecurring Fund	 Internal Service Funds	. <u>-</u>	Nonmajor Govern- mental Funds	- -	Total Transfers Out
Transfers out: General Fund Bonded Projects Nonmajor Governmental	\$	25,000	\$	314,500	\$ 65,000	\$	940,216	\$	1,005,216 314,500 25,000
Total Transfers In	\$_	25,000	\$	314,500	\$ 65,000	\$	940,216	\$	1,344,716

E. Short-Term Obligations - Bond Anticipation Notes

The Town uses bond anticipation notes during the construction period of various public projects prior to the issuance of the bonds at the completion of the project.

Bond anticipation note transactions for the year ended June 30, 2014 were as follows:

Outstanding, July 1, 2013	\$ 6,200,000
New borrowings	5,000,000
Repayments	 (6,200,000)
Outstanding, June 30, 2014	\$ 5,000,000

The bond anticipation note outstanding at June 30, 2014 bears interest at 1.0% and matures on December 16, 2014.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

F. Long-Term Debt

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2014 was as follows:

		Beginning						Ending		Due Within
	Balance In		Increases	Increases Decreases			Balance	_	One Year	
Governmental Activities:										
Bonds payable:										
General obligation bonds	\$	89,690,000	\$	18,410,000	\$	20,450,000	\$	87,650,000	\$	10,005,000
Unamortized bond premiums	_	7,520,469	_	1,464,097		948,161		8,036,405		
Total bonds payable	_	97,210,469	_	19,874,097		21,398,161		95,686,405	_	10,005,000
Notes payable		463,361				25,546		437,815		23,202
Compensated absences		1,215,669		22,226				1,237,895		1,237,895
Pension obligation		754,102		2,461,542		2,678,085		537,559		
OPEB obligation		866,000		2,181,000		1,780,000		1,267,000		
Lease obligations		508,003		440,000		486,408		461,595		314,935
Claims and judgments	_	155,599	_	173,425		155,599		173,425	_	173,425
Total Governmental Activities										
Long-Term Liabilities	\$	101,173,203	\$	25,152,290	\$	26,523,799	\$	99,801,694	\$	11,754,457

All long-term liabilities are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

General Obligation Bonds

The Town issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities.

General obligation bonds are direct obligations of the Town for which full faith and credit are pledged and are payable from taxes levied on all taxable properties located within the Town.

General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Description	Interest Rate (%)		Balance Outstanding June 30, 2014
Description	Rate (70)	-	3the 30, 2014
General purpose:			
General obligation - improvement	3-6.2%	\$	1,148,985
General obligation - improvement	1.75-5%		873,246
General obligation - refunding	2-5%		940,150
General obligation - refunding	2.25-5%		25,454,819
General obligation - refunding	2.375-5%		6,715,040
General obligation - refunding	2-5%		5,051,147
General obligation - improvement	2-4%		8,386,763
General obligation - improvement	3.0-4.0%		7,440,000
General obligation - refunding	2.0-5.0%		6,010,000
Total general purpose		-	62,020,150
School:	2 6 20/		102.025
School improvement - improvement	3-6.2%		192,925
School improvement - improvement	1.75-5%		4,401,754
School improvement - refunding	2-5%		1,134,850
School improvement - refunding	2.25-5% 2.375-5%		2,715,181
School improvement - refunding School improvement - refunding	2.373-3% 2-5%		8,789,330
School improvement - improvement	2-3%		518,853 1,653,237
School improvement - improvement School improvement - improvement	3.0-4.0%		730,000
School improvement - refunding	2.0-5.0%		3,985,000
Total school	2.0 2.070	-	24,121,130
		-	, ,
Sewer:			
Sewer - improvement	3-6.2%		58,090
Sewer - refunding	2.375-5%		1,205,630
Sewer - refunding	2.0-5.0%	_	245,000
		-	1,508,720
Total outstanding		\$_	87,650,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

General Obligation Bonds - New Issue

On December 5, 2013, the Town issued \$8,170,000 of general obligation bonds with interest rates ranging from 3.0% to 4.0% payable in annual principal installments of \$430,000. The bonds mature on February 15, 2033.

General Obligation Bonds - Advance Refunding

On May 15, 2014, the Town issued \$10,240,000 of general obligation refunding bonds with interest rates ranging from 2.0 to 5.0%. The proceeds were used to advance refund the outstanding principal amount, or portions thereof, of \$4,460,000 of general obligation bonds, Series 2004, dated November 1, 2004 and \$6,175,000 of general obligation bonds, Series 2007, dated December 1, 2007. The net proceeds of \$11,237,245 (including a premium of \$1,131,311 and issuance costs of \$134,066) were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide funds for the future debt service payment of the refunded bonds. As a result, the Series 2004 and Series 2007 general obligation bonds, or a portion thereof, are considered defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the statement of net position. The refunding will reduce total debt service payments over the next fourteen years by approximately \$783,619 and represents an economic gain (difference between present values of the debt service payments on the old and the new debt) of \$683,446. At June 30, 2014, the balance in escrow was \$11.237.239 and the balance of the refunded bonds was \$10,635,000.

Notes Payable

Water Main Payable - The State of Connecticut drinking water notes, bearing interest at 2%, will be paid out of General Fund operations and will mature in the year 2031.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds and notes payable are as follows:

		General Obligat	tion Bonds		Notes Pay	able
		Principal	Interest		Principal	Interest
	_	_	<u>.</u>		_	
2015	\$	10,005,000 \$	3,163,557	\$	23,202 \$	8,801
2016		9,000,000	2,919,499		23,685	8,318
2017		8,520,000	2,600,125		24,177	7,826
2018		8,540,000	2,243,406		24,680	7,323
2019		8,600,000	1,864,456		25,193	6,810
2020-2024		30,195,000	4,421,229		134,046	25,969
2025-2029		8,875,000	1,322,881		148,576	11,438
2030-2033	_	3,915,000	275,758		34,256	413
				-		
Total	\$	87,650,000 \$	18,810,911	\$	437,815 \$	76,898

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Capital Lease

The Town has entered into lease agreements as lessee for financing the acquisition of computers. The lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of its future minimum lease payments as of the inception date.

The asset acquired through the capital lease is as follows:

	(Governmental Activities
Asset: Equipment Less accumulated depreciation	\$	4,357,766 3,396,549
Total	\$	961,217

The future minimum lease obligation and the net present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2014 were as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	_	Governmental Activities
2015	\$	320,384
2016	Ψ	148,398
Total minimum lease payments		468,782
Less amount representing interest	_	7,187
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments	\$ <u>_</u>	461,595

Claims and Judgments

The Town of Ridgefield had previously engaged the Municipal Interlocal Risk Management Assoc. (MIRMA) for workers' compensation coverage. The Town was assessed \$1,045,068 in fiscal year 2010. The outstanding amount at June 30, 2014 is \$173,425.

Authorized but Unissued Bonds

The total of authorized but unissued bonds at June 30, 2014 is \$4,175,819. In most cases, interim financing is obtained through bond anticipation notes or other short-term borrowings until the issuance of long-term debt.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Statutory Debt Limitation

The Town's indebtedness does not exceed the legal debt limitations as required by Connecticut General Statutes as reflected in the following schedule:

		Net	
Category	 Debt Limit	Indebtedness	Balance
General purpose	\$ 262,486,064 \$	66,195,969 \$	196,290,095
Schools	524,972,129	24,121,130	500,850,999
Sewers	437,476,774	1,283,489	436,193,285
Urban renewal	379,146,537		379,146,537
Pension deficit	349,981,419		349,981,419

The total overall statutory debt limit for the Town is equal to seven times annual receipts from taxation, \$816,623,311.

The indebtedness reflected above includes bonds outstanding in addition to the amount of bonds authorized and unissued against which bond anticipation notes are issued and outstanding.

G. Fund Balance

The components of fund balance for the governmental funds at June 30, 2014 are as follows:

					Majo Proje	r ect Funds		Major Special Revenue Fund						
		General Fund			Capital Nonrecurring Fund		Bonded Projects Fund		_	Sewer Bond Repayment Fund		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total
Fund balances:	_		-		_		-		_		_			
Nonspendable:														
Inventory	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	36,568	\$	36,568		
Restricted for:														
Grants										752,218		752,218		
Parks and recreation -														
donations										69,087		69,087		
Branchville Railroad														
Station										28,357		28,357		
Public safety - donations										276,489		276,489		
Education - donations										93,477		93,477		
Capital projects				427,833								427,833		
Committed to:														
Sewer assessment								1,659,949				1,659,949		
Sewer operations										399,056		399,056		
Education										266,456		266,456		
Assigned:														
Education - encumbrances		2,258,728										2,258,728		
Subsequent year's budget		900,000										900,000		
Unassigned	_	12,897,561	-		_	(3,296,975)	_		-	(113,160)	_	9,487,426		
Total Fund Balances	\$	16,056,289	\$	427,833	\$	(3,296,975)	\$_	1,659,949	\$	1,808,548	\$	16,655,644		

Significant encumbrances at June 30, 2014 are contained in the above table in the assigned category of the General Fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

H. Operating Lease

In 1997, the Town signed a lease with the State of Connecticut Department of Transportation Branchville Railroad Station Parking Lot for a 20-year period of time commencing on October 1, 1995 to and including September 30, 2015, with the option to renew for two additional successive five year periods of time.

In lieu of an annual lease payment, the Town must reinvest all surplus revenue derived from rail parking and rail-related leases into the improvement and maintenance of rail station buildings, rail station parking, and mutually agreed upon rail station services. The Town set up a Parking Fund, which collected \$50,729 in fees and permits and spent \$60,314 in parking expenditures during fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. Fund balance at June 30, 2014 is \$28,357.

4. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS

A. Pension Plan

Summary

The Town administers three single employer, defined benefit pension plans (Town of Ridgefield Pension Plan, Town of Ridgefield Police Union Pension Plan and Town of Ridgefield Firefighters Union Pension Plan). The plans were established through an ordinance adopted May 7, 1964 and amended July 1, 1984. The Pension Commission makes recommendations for plan provisions, which are approved by the Board of Finance. The plans are considered to be part of the Town's financial reporting entity and are included in the Town's financial reports as Pension Trust Funds. Separate, stand-alone reports are not issued.

Management of the plans rests with the Town's Pension Commission, which consists of seven appointed members, each serving three-year terms.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters

<u>Basis of Accounting</u> - The Town's pension trust funds financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues (contributions and investment income) are recognized when they are earned and expenses (benefits and administration) are recognized when they are incurred. Contributions are recognized when due, pursuant to formal commitments (as well as statutory or contractual requirements, as appropriate). Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plans.

<u>Valuation of Investments</u> - Investments are valued at fair value. Securities traded on a national exchange are valued at June 30, 2014 quoted market price. There are no investments of 5% or greater in any one organization.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Plan Description

<u>Benefit Provisions</u> - The plans' membership is open to substantially all Town employees with the exception of certified teachers and administrative personnel at the Board of Education. Administrative costs are financed from investment earnings.

<u>Employer Contributions</u> - Recommended contributions to each of the three plans are determined each year as part of the actuarial valuation using the frozen entry age method. The contributions for the year ended June 30, 2014 represent 14.56% of covered payroll.

Employee Contributions - General employees of the Town have no required contribution. The contribution requirements of other departments are as follows (expressed as a percentage of annual compensation): Police 6%, Fire 6%, Highway 4% and Board of Education Secretaries 2%.

At June 30, 2014, plan membership consisted of the following:

	Town Pension Plan	Police Union Pension Plan	Firefighters Union Pension Plan
Retirees and beneficiaries currently			
receiving benefits	156	35	21
Vested terminated employees	107	1	1
Active plan members	366	37	29
Total Participants	629 *	73	51

^{*} The participants in the Town Pension Plan are comprised of 411 employees from the Board of Education and 218 employees from the Town.

Investments

Investment Policy: The Pension Commission has responsibility for selecting and hiring investment organizations and monitoring their results. The Commission's goal is to have a broadly diversified portfolio of assets allocated in a manner that that is intended to achieve the stated return objective. The Pension Commission is responsible for allocations among asset classes, and other investment characteristics, including expected return, risk, correlation and the assets' overall role in the portfolio.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The following was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy and long-term expected real rate of return as of June 30, 2014:

	Target	Long-Term Expected Real	
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return*	Weighting
Domestic Equity	55.00%	7.55%	4.15%
Alternative Investments	14.00%	6.48%	0.91%
International Equity	13.00%	9.30%	1.21%
Domestic Fixed	10.00%	3.86%	0.39%
International Fixed	5.00%	3.10%	0.16%
Cash and Equivalents	3.00%	1.86%	0.06%
Total Portfolio	100.00%		6.88%
Long-Term Inflation Expectation			2.00%
Long-Term Expected Nominal Return			6.75%

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined by assigning a target allocation to each major asset class, and then estimating the rate of return for each asset class based on intermediate and long term investment horizons. These ranges were then combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2014 are summarized in the above table.

Rate of Return: For the year ended June 30, 2014, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 18.83%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Net Pension Liability

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, the components of the net pension liability (asset) of the Town at June 30, 2014, were as follows:

	_	Town Pension Plan	-	Firefighters Union Pension Plan	_	Police Union Pension Plan	
Total pension liability	\$	45,080,109	\$	16,582,806	\$	26,809,680	
Plan fiduciary net position	_	50,230,102	-	17,157,990	_	27,959,082	
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$_	(5,149,993)	\$	(575,184)	\$_	(1,149,402)	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		111.42%		103.47%		104.29%	

The Town's net pension liability (asset) will be required to be recorded on the government-wide statement of net position at June 30, 2015.

Actuarial Assumptions: The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2013, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.0%
Salary increases	3.25%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the Section 430 Mortality with separate male and female pre- and post-retirement rates as published by the United States Treasury Department for 2014.

The demographic assumptions used in the July 1, 2013 valuation were selected based on the plan population being representative of a normal population. The mortality table used was the latest available, based on large population studies of retirement plan participants with appropriate mortality improvement projections. Experience studies were not performed because the size of the plan population would render the results of any such studies statistically unreliable. Retirement age assumptions are chosen to represent our best estimate of each participant's expected retirement age, given the type of employment and the available benefits, as well as our historical knowledge of retirement trends for this plan's population.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Town contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the net pension liability of the Town, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the Town's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (5.75%) or 1 percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

Net Pension Liability (Asset)	 1% Decrease in Discount Rate (5.75%)	 Current Discount Rate (6.75%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (7.75%)
Town Pension Plan	\$ 176,724	\$ (5,149,993)	\$ (9,657,813)
Firefighters Union Plan	1,384,260	(575,184)	(2,233,394)
Police Union Plan	2,018,460	(1,149,402)	(3,830,256)

Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 27, the Town's annual pension cost and net pension obligation to the Town of Ridgefield's pension plans for the year ended June 30, 2014 were as follows:

	_	Town Pension Plan	Police Union Pension Plan	Firefighters Union Pension Plan
Annual required contribution (ARC)	\$	1,468,009 \$	643,297	\$ 392,478
Interest on net pension obligation		24,246	18,946	7,711
Adjustment to annual required contribution	_	(43,616)	(34,573)	(14,956)
	_			
Annual pension cost		1,448,639	627,670	385,233
Contributions made		1,550,489	700,325	427,271
	_			
Decrease in net pension obligation		101,850	72,655	42,038
Net pension obligation, beginning of year		359,202	280,672	114,228
Net Pension Obligation, End of Year	\$ _	257,352 \$	208,017	\$ 72,190

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The annual required contribution for the current year was determined as part of the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation using the frozen entry-age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) a 6.75% investment rate of return and (b) 3.25% projected salary increases. The assumptions did not include inflation or post-retirement benefit increases. The actuarial value of assets was determined using a market related method with five-year recognition of gains and losses. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized on a closed level dollar method. The remaining amortization period is 30 years for the Town retirement plan, 30 years for the firefighters' retirement plan, and 30 years for the police retirement plan. Administrative costs are financed by contributions to the plan.

Three-Year Trend Information

Fiscal		Annual		Percentage	Net
Year		Pension	Actual	Of APC	Pension
Ending		Cost (APC)	Contribution	Contributed	Obligation
Town Plan:					
6/30/2012	\$	1,497,584	\$ 1,553,553	104 %	\$ 520,623
6/30/2013		1,428,303	1,589,725	111	359,202
6/30/2014		1,448,639	1,550,489	107	257,352
Police Plan:					
6/30/2012	\$	562,081	\$ 724,062	129 %	\$ 333,458
6/30/2013		631,057	683,842	108	280,672
6/30/2014		627,670	700,325	112	208,017
Firefighters Plan:					
6/30/2012	\$	376,488	\$ 412,385	110 %	\$ 143,674
6/30/2013		406,987	436,433	107	114,228
6/30/2014		385,233	427,271	111	72,190

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

				Sche	edul	le of Funding	Progress			
Plan Year		Actuarial Value of Assets		Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)		Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	_	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
Town Pensi	ion I	Plan								
6/30/13	\$	39,712,979	\$	42,080,401	\$	(2,367,422)	94.37	%	\$ 14,251,512	$(16.61)^{-9}$
6/30/12		36,109,162		39,200,388		(3,091,226)	92.11		13,535,316	(22.84)
6/30/11		33,015,572		36,681,033		(3,665,461)	90.01		13,748,035	(26.66)
6/30/10		29,632,882		33,917,740		(4,284,858)	87.37		13,617,621	(31.47)
6/30/09		27,234,218		31,613,170		(4,378,952)	86.15		13,459,105	(32.54)
6/30/08		27,495,328		29,607,483		(2,112,155)	92.87		13,317,463	(15.86)
Police Unic	on P	ension Plan								
6/30/13	\$	22,991,238	\$	25,845,511	\$	(2,854,273)	88.96	%	\$ 2,772,407	(102.95)
6/30/12		21,311,684		24,430,637		(3,118,953)	87.23		2,719,721	(114.68)
6/30/11		19,700,425		22,686,678		(2,986,253)	86.84		2,701,960	(110.52)
6/30/10		17,897,417		21,144,884		(3,247,467)	84.64		2,950,860	(110.05)
6/30/09		16,619,136		19,601,239		(2,982,103)	84.79		3,068,170	(97.19)
6/30/08		16,847,159		18,850,975		(2,003,816)	89.37		2,937,107	(68.22)
Firefighters	s Un	ion Pension P	lan							
6/30/13	\$	13,822,087	\$	15,737,168	\$	(1,915,081)	87.83	%	\$ 1,585,620	(120.78)
6/30/12		12,759,626		14,943,072		(2,183,446)	85.39		1,642,192	(132.96)
6/30/11		11,858,463		13,909,112		(2,050,649)	85.26		1,716,216	(119.49)
6/30/10		10,869,291		13,036,226		(2,166,935)	83.38		1,820,999	(119.00)
6/30/09		10,191,124		12,341,937		(2,150,813)	82.57		1,689,935	(127.27)
6/30/08		10,510,874		11,645,716		(1,134,842)	90.26		1,710,044	(66.36)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

B. Elected Officials

Plan Description

The Town administers a single employer, defined contribution plan, which is included in the Town's financial statements in the pension trust fund. The plan, established in July 1983, requires the employer to contribute 6% of each participant's compensation. The Pension Commission makes recommendations for plan provisions, which are approved by the Board of Finance. The Town contributed \$25,243 during the year ended June 30, 2014. Officials are not required to contribute, but can make voluntary contributions up to 10% of annual compensation. At June 30, 2014, the net position available for benefits include \$335,162 of assets designated for this plan.

The Town Clerk, Tax Collector and First Selectman are the only plan members.

Significant accounting policies are the same as those discussed under defined benefit plans.

Other than the pension payment, there are no other postemployment benefits furnished to elected officials by the Town.

C. Plan Financial Statements - Financial statements for each individual pension plan as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014 are as follows:

	_	Town Pension Plan	_	Firefighters Union Pension Plan	_	Police Union Pension Plan	_	Elected Officials Pension Plan	_	Total Pension Trust Funds
Assets:										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$_	12,297	\$_	4,200	\$_	6,844	\$	101	\$_	23,442
Investments - at fair value: Mutual funds:										
Equity		49,169,863		16,795,825		27,368,932		404,580		93,739,200
Common stock		917,801		313,510		510,867		7,552		1,749,730
Total investments	_	50,087,664	_	17,109,335	_	27,879,799	-	412,132	_	95,488,930
Other assets:										
Prepaid benefits	_	130,141	_	44,455	_	72,439	-	1,071	_	248,106
Total assets	_	50,230,102	_	17,157,990	_	27,959,082	_	413,304	_	95,760,478
Net Position: Net Position Held in Trust for Pension Benefits	\$	50,230,102	\$	17,157,990	\$	27,959,082	\$	413,304	\$	95,760,478
Net Position: Net Position Held in Trust	\$ _	, ,	\$_	, ,	\$_	, ,	\$ <u></u>	,	\$ *	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

		Town Pension Plan		Firefighters Union Pension Plan		Police Union Pension Plan		Elected Officials Pension Plan		Total Pension Trust Funds
Additions:	_		-		_		_			
Contributions:										
Employer	\$	1,550,489	\$	427,271	\$	700,325	\$	25,243	\$	2,703,328
Plan members		240,371	_	107,813		194,230	_		_	542,414
Total contributions	_	1,790,860	_	535,084	_	894,555	_	25,243	_	3,245,742
Net investment income:										
Net appreciation in fair value										
of investments		5,745,660		1,980,436		3,281,817		47,511		11,055,424
Interest and dividends		2,231,303		769,094		1,274,480		18,452		4,293,329
	_	7,976,963	_	2,749,530	_	4,556,297	_	65,963	_	15,348,753
Less investment expense		(12,993)		(4,478)		(7,421)		(108)		(25,000)
Net investment income	_	7,963,970	-	2,745,052	_	4,548,876	_	65,855	_	15,323,753
Net additions	_	9,754,830	_	3,280,136	_	5,443,431	_	91,098	_	18,569,495
Deductions:										
Benefits		1,288,272		520,379		1,043,728				2,852,379
Administration		33,036		11,387		18,870		273		63,566
Total deductions		1,321,308	-	531,766	_	1,062,598	_	273	_	2,915,945
Other:										
Transfers between plans	_	390,274	_		_	(390,274)	_		_	
Change in Net Position		8,823,796		2,748,370		3,990,559		90,825		15,653,550
Net Position - Beginning of Year	_	41,406,306	_	14,409,620	_	23,968,523	_	322,479	_	80,106,928
Net Position - End of Year	\$_	50,230,102	\$_	17,157,990	\$_	27,959,082	\$_	413,304	\$_	95,760,478

D. On-Behalf Payments - Teachers' Retirement

All Town teachers participate in the State of Connecticut Teacher's Retirement System, a cost sharing plan with a special funding situation, under Section 10.183 of the General Statutes of the State of Connecticut. This is a multiple employer PERS. A teacher is eligible to receive a normal retirement benefit if he or she has:

- Attained age 60 and has accumulated 20 years of credited service in the public schools of Connecticut, or;
- Attained any age and has accumulated 35 years of credited service, at least 25 years of which are service in the public schools of Connecticut.

The Board of Education withholds 7.25% of all teachers' annual salaries and transmits the funds to the State Teachers' Retirement Board. Teacher payroll subject to retirement amounted to \$41,397,536 which represents 81.2% of total payroll of \$50,970,232.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The retirement system for teachers is funded by the State based upon the recommendation of the Teachers' Retirement Board. Such contribution includes amortization of actuarially computed unfunded liability. For the year ended June 30, 2014, the Town has recorded in the General Fund (Exhibit IV) intergovernmental revenue schools and schools expenditures in the amount of \$9,855,441 as payments made by the State of Connecticut on behalf of the Town. The Town does not have any liability for teacher pensions.

The State of Connecticut Teacher Retirement System is considered to be a part of the State of Connecticut financial reporting entity and is included in the State's financial reports as a pension trust fund. Those reports may be obtained by writing to the State of Connecticut, Office of the State Comptroller, 55 Elm Street, Hartford, Connecticut 06106.

E. Postemployment Healthcare Plan - Retiree Health Plan

Plan Description

The Retiree Health Plan (RHP) is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the Town of Ridgefield. The RHP provides medical insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. Certain employees of the Town are eligible to participate in the plan. Benefit provisions are established through negotiations between the Town and the various unions representing the employees.

A trust was officially approved by the Board of Selectmen on December 14, 2009. As in prior years, all expenses for postemployment benefits were paid out of the general fund during fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. The Town used a phase-in funding approach. The plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

At July 1, 2013, plan membership consisted of the following:

	Retiree Health Plan
Retired members Spouses of retired members Active plan members	163 47 825
Total Participants	1,035

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of plan members and the Town are also negotiated with the various unions representing the employees. Retired plan members and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits are required to contribute specified amounts monthly towards the cost of health insurance premiums as follows:

Board of Education - Certified Employees (Teachers and Administrators)

The cost per month for Board of Education employees receiving medical coverage is \$960 per month for retiree only coverage and \$1,838 per month for retiree and spouse coverage to age 65, and \$247 and \$494 per month, respectively, thereafter.

Town Employees

The cost per month for Board of Education employees receiving medical coverage is \$960 per month for retiree only coverage and \$1,838 per month for retiree and spouse coverage to age 65, and \$247 and \$494 per month, respectively, thereafter.

Police Employees

The cost per month for Board of Education employees receiving medical coverage is \$960 per month for retiree only coverage and \$1,838 per month for retiree and spouse coverage to age 65, and \$247 and \$494 per month, respectively, thereafter.

Board of Education - Non-Certified Employees

The cost per month for Board of Education employees receiving medical coverage is \$960 per month for retiree only coverage and \$1,838 per month for retiree and spouse coverage to age 65, and \$247 and \$494 per month, respectively, thereafter.

Employer Contributions

Employer contributions to the plan of \$1,780,000 were made in accordance with actuarially determined requirements. Of this amount \$1,348,000 represents premium payments and \$432,000 was contributed to prefund benefits.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligations

The Town of Ridgefield's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the Town's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the Town's net OPEB obligation (asset):

		Retiree
		Health Plan
Annual required contribution (ARC)	\$	2,193,000
Interest on net OPEB obligation		39,000
Adjustment to annual required contribution		(51,000)
	'	
Annual OPEB cost (expense)		2,181,000
Contributions made		1,780,000
Increase in net OPEB obligation		401,000
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year		866,000
Net OPEB Obligation, End of Year	\$	1,267,000

The Town's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012 are presented below.

Fiscal	Annual			Percentage		Net
Year	OPEB		Actual	of AOC		OPEB
Ending	Cost (AOC)	_	Contribution	Contributed		Obligation
6/30/2012 \$	1,890,000	\$	1,774,000	93.86	%	\$ 924,000
6/30/2013	2,047,000		2,105,000	102.83		866,000
6/30/2014	2,181,000		1,780,000	81.61		1,267,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Schedule of Funding Progress

						UAAL as a
		Actuarial				Percentage
	Actuarial	Accrued	Unfunded			of
Valuation	Value of	Liability	AAL	Funded	Covered	Covered
Date	Assets	(AAL)	 (UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
7/1/2007	S	\$ 17,180,700	\$ 17,180,700	- % \$	N/A	N/A
7/1/2009	84,000	19,258,000	19,174,000	0.44	N/A	N/A
7/1/2011	629,000	21,844,000	21,215,000	2.88	52,746,000	40.22%
7/1/2013	1,746,000	23,054,000	21,308,000	7.57	57,316,000	37.18%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as accrual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Projections for benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2013 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions include an 8% investment rate of return, which is the rate of the expected long-term investment returns of plan assets calculated based on the funding policy of the plan at the valuation date. The annual healthcare cost trend rate is 9.0% in 2013 and will decrease by 0.5% per year down to 5.0% in 2021 and beyond. Projected salary increases were 3%. The inflation rate was 3%. The actuarial value of assets was determined using the closed group method. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at July 1, 2013 was 24 years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

5. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to public official liability, police liability, Board of Education legal liability, theft or impairment of assets, errors and omissions, injury to employees and natural disasters.

The Town has a risk management program for property, casualty, workers' compensation and other claims. As part of this program, resources have been accumulated in an internal service fund to pay deductibles and losses. Third-party coverage is maintained for claims greater than the established risk assumption policy.

A schedule of changes in the claims liability for heart and hypertension and workers' compensation judgments for the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, is presented below:

	Accrued Liability Beginning of Fiscal Year		Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates		Accrued Liability Claim Payments		Accrued Liability End of Fiscal Year	
2014-13	\$	_	\$ 210,184	\$	210,184	\$	-	
2013-12		-	192,245		192,245		-	

B. Commitments and Litigation

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the Town expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The Town is a defendant in various lawsuits, the outcome of which is not presently determinable. In the opinion of the Town attorneys, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Town.

The Town may be subject to rebate penalties to the federal government relating to various bond and note issues. The Town expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

6. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT - RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION

GASB issued GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, which became effective for the 2014 fiscal year. As a result of implementing this standard, the expensing of bond issuance costs, which were previously capitalized on the government-wide financial statements, was mandated. At June 30, 2013, the Town had a deferred bond issuance cost asset of \$3,137,737.

The following represents the effect of this restatement:

	_	Opinion Unit			
	-	Governmental Activities	_	Total	
Net position as reported in 2013 financial statements	\$	114,766,512	\$	114,766,512	
Prior period adjustment - elimination of deferred bond issue costs as an asset for Governmental Activities					
for application of GASB statement No. 65	-	(3,137,737)	_	(3,137,737)	
Net Position, Beginning of the Year, as Restated	\$	111,628,775	\$_	111,628,775	

Required Supplementary Information

Variance

TOWN OF RIDGEFIELD, CONNECTICUT

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Original Budget	Adjustments	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Property Taxes:					
Property taxes	\$ 115,308,438 \$	\$, ,	\$ 116,139,440 \$	831,002
Interest and lien fees	350,000		350,000	541,622	191,622
Telephone tax	83,000		83,000	76,801	(6,199)
Total property taxes	115,741,438		115,741,438	116,757,863	1,016,425
Intergovernmental:					
Education cost sharing	2,065,000		2,065,000	2,066,320	1,320
School building grants	4,000		4,000	3,212	(788)
School interest subsidy	1,000		1,000	995	(1,000)
School transportation grants Civil defense	2,000 11,000		2,000 11,000	993	(1,005) (11,000)
Elderly circuit freeze	69,000		69,000	58,654	(10,346)
Mashantucket/Mohegan fund grant	13,000		13,000	14,278	1,278
Paid in lieu of taxes	180,000		180,000	163,023	(16,977)
Machinery and equipment	452,000		452,000	,-	(452,000)
Highway safety grant	150,000.0		150,000	528,547	378,547
Miscellaneous	38,000		38,000	143,816	105,816
Total intergovernmental	2,985,000		2,985,000	2,978,845	(6,155)
Charges for Services:					
Town Clerk's fees including conveyance taxes	767,000	300,000	1,067,000	1,104,437	37,437
Building, plumbing and electrical permits	386,500		386,500	558,387	171,887
Planning and zoning commission	75,000		75,000	75,735	735
Water and septic permits and fees	45,000		45,000	52,683	7,683
Highway permits	8,000		8,000	6,350	(1,650)
Solid waste facility	40,000		40,000	11,842	(28,158)
Parking Authority	63,000	400,000	63,000	56,247	(6,753)
Police Department	69,000	480,000	549,000	635,298	86,298
Fire Department Golf course	867,000		867,000	681,497	(185,503)
Parks and recreation	1,290,000 2,601,901	280,000	1,290,000 2,881,901	1,314,149 3,015,361	24,149 133,460
Out of town tuition	110,000	280,000	110,000	106,148	(3,852)
Utilities and fuel	359,000		359,000	330,359	(28,641)
Rental of Town property	910,394		910,394	901,303	(9,091)
Total charges for services	7,591,795	1,060,000	8,651,795	8,849,796	198,001
Investment Income	60,000		60,000	57,249	(2,751)
Miscellaneous	225,000		225,000	260,575	35,575
Total revenues	126,603,233	1,060,000	127,663,233	128,904,328	1,241,095
Total Totalides	120,003,233	1,000,000	127,003,233	120,701,320	1,211,093
Other Financing Sources: Utilization of fund balance	1.750.000		1.750.000		(1.750.000)
Transfers in:	1,750,000		1,750,000		(1,750,000)
Sewer operating fund	25,000		25,000	25,000	
Total other financing sources	1.775,000		1,775,000	25,000	(1,750,000)
	1,775,000		1,770,000		(1,700,000)
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$ 128,378,233 \$	1,060,000 \$	129,438,233	128,929,328 \$	(508,905)
Budgetary revenues are different than GAAP revenues because:	ΨΨ	φ	127,130,233	120,727,320 \$	(300,703)
Turf field fund revenues not budgeted for - combination of fund for GAS State of Connecticut on-behalf contributions to the Connecticut State Tea				2	
Retirement System for Town teachers are not budgeted. Under liquidation of prior year encumbrances is recorded as miscellaneou	is revenue			9,855,441	
for budgetary reporting. This amount is excluded for GAAP financial re The Board of Education does not budget for a combination of intergoverr charges for services and other revenue amounts received which are credi	mental grants,			(133,114)	
education expenditures for budgetary reporting. These amounts are reco	rded as revenues			2 262 742	
and expenditures for GAAP financial reporting purposes.				2,263,743	
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources as Reported on the Statement Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds - Ex				\$ 140,915,400	

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

			Transfers and		Actual		Variance	
	_	Original Budget	Additional Appropriations	Final Budget	Expenditures	Encumbrances	Total	with Final Budget
General Government:								
Selectmen	\$	335,308	\$	\$ 335,308 \$	331,797	\$ \$	331,797 \$	3,511
Board of Finance		68,285		68,285	67,252		67,252	1,033
Legal counsel		219,800	70,000	289,800	275,005		275,005	14,795
Administrative support services		262,857	,	262,857	262,513		262,513	344
Department of Finance		421,763		421,763	418,784		418,784	2,979
Data processing		405,800		405,800	405,098		405,098	702
Registrars		122,544		122,544	99,336		99,336	23,208
Assessor		353,150		353,150	352,626		352,626	524
Tax Collector		221,899		221,899	220,350		220,350	1,549
Town Treasurer		28,395		28,395	28,111		28,111	284
Town Clerk		250,579		250,579	244,453		244,453	6,126
Planning and zoning		264,414		264,414	258,010		258,010	6,404
Zoning board of appeals		78,963		78,963	75,833		75,833	3,130
Building Department		217.093		217,093	210,809		210,809	6.284
Probate court		5,700		5,700	5,371		5,371	329
Conservation Commission		33,366		33,366	28,078		28,078	5,288
Commissions and Committees		46,350		46,350	46,252		46,252	98
Insurance and benefits		7,655,886	(80,000)	7,575,886	7,550,681		7,550,681	25,205
Miscellaneous		21,000	(00,000)	21,000	21,000		21,000	23,203
Total general government	_	11,013,152	(10,000)	11,003,152	10,901,359		10,901,359	101,793
Health and Welfare:								
Health department		233,196	(30,000)	203,196	197.974		197.974	5.222
Social services		203,662	(30,000)	203,662	199,606		199,606	4,056
Total health and welfare	_	436,858	(30,000)	406,858	397,580		397,580	9,278
	_		(30,000)					
Community Grants	_	232,330		232,330	225,772		225,772	6,558
Parks and Recreation:								
Parks and recreation		3,154,413	235,000	3,389,413	3,380,503		3,380,503	8,910
Tree care		238,967		238,967	238,249		238,249	718
Golf course		998,642		998,642	959,158		959,158	39,484
Athletic fields		421,082		421,082	416,284		416,284	4,798
School grounds		411,890	5,000	416,890	409,951		409,951	6,939
Total parks and recreation	_	5,224,994	240,000	5,464,994	5,404,145	<u> </u>	5,404,145	60,849
Public Safety:								
Police Department		4,836,475	340,000	5,176,475	5,076,559		5,076,559	99,916
Fire Department		3,879,438		3,879,438	3,785,357		3,785,357	94,081
Parking Authority		38,013		38,013	29,483		29,483	8,530
Emergency management		3,550		3,550	3,265		3,265	285
Animal control		88,669		88,669	85,588		85,588	3,081
Total public safety	_	8,846,145	340,000	9,186,145	8,980,252		8,980,252	205,893
Public Works:								
Highway Department		2,830,533	425,000	3,255,533	3,153,620		3,153,620	101,913
Town buildings		529,577	75,000	604,577	602,938		602,938	1,639
Utilities		976,405		976,405	952,101		952,101	24,304
Solid waste		64,000		64,000	58,680		58,680	5,320
School buildings	_	52,275	20,000	72,275	71,700		71,700	575
Total public works	_	4,452,790	520,000	4,972,790	4,839,039		4,839,039	133,751

(Continued on next page)

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES (CONTINUED) BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

		Transfers and		Actual		Variance	
	Original Budget	Additional Appropriations	Final Budget	Expenditures	Encumbrances	Total	with Final Budget
Contingency \$	61,200 \$		\$ 61,200 \$	51,607	\$\$	51,607 \$	9,593
Education:							
Certified salaries	40,934,004	(54,187)	40,879,817	40,855,993	23,824	40,879,817	-
Noncertified salaries	9,340,135	64,364	9,404,499	9,389,661	14,838	9,404,499	-
Fringe benefits	16,547,186	(1,354,108)	15,193,078	14,963,311	12,204	14,975,515	217,563
Professional services	2,501,055	426,001	2,927,056	2,646,718	280,338	2,927,056	-
Utility services - sewer and water	156,975	1,520	158,495	149,190	9,305	158,495	-
Equipment repair and maintenance	313,191	125,676	438,867	284,177	154,690	438,867	-
Building repairs	1,516,310	538,439	2,054,749	1,445,907	608,842	2,054,749	-
Transportation services	4,756,893	(100,722)	4,656,171	4,540,786	115,385	4,656,171	-
Insurance - property and liability	306,536	(20,974)	285,562	285,562		285,562	-
Communications - telephone	278,126	(40,140)	237,986	202,139	35,847	237,986	-
Advertising services	8,000	(3,279)	4,721	4,326	395	4,721	-
Printing services	51,250	(14,241)	37,009	23,601	13,408	37,009	-
Food management services	25,000	(1,030)	23,970	22,573	1,397	23,970	-
Travel, mileage and training	140,621	(17,057)	123,564	93,412	30,152	123,564	-
Other purchased services	18,775	(1,157)	17,618	9,750	7,868	17,618	-
Tuition - out of district facilities	1,115,162	(13,519)	1,101,643	561,642	540,001	1,101,643	-
Supplies and materials	1,160,813	(774)	1,160,039	1,059,489	100,550	1,160,039	-
Energy - electricity, gas and fuel	2,095,871	98,342	2,194,213	2,134,604	59,609	2,194,213	-
Books	503,785	121,999	625,784	476,851	148,933	625,784	-
Equipment	133,705	207,242	340,947	243,258	97,689	340,947	-
Dues and fees - memberships	108,644	2,697	111,341	109,828	1,513	111,341	-
Miscellaneous	48,905	2,988	51,893	49,953	1,940	51,893	-
Athletics program	810,296	31,920	842,216	842,216		842,216	
Total education	82,871,238		82,871,238	80,394,947	2,258,728	82,653,675	217,563
Library	1,716,730		1,716,730	1,716,730		1,716,730	
Debt Service	13,186,381		13,186,381	13,186,166		13,186,166	215
Total expenditures	128,041,818	1,060,000	129,101,818	126,097,597	2,258,728	128,356,325	745,493
Other Financing Uses:							
Transfers out:	62,000		62,000	62,000		62,000	
Tiger Hollow Fund	63,000		63,000	63,000		63,000	-
Turf Field	55,000		55,000	55,000		55,000	-
Heart and Hypertension Fund Youth Barn	65,000		65,000	65,000		65,000	-
Skate Park	45,000 21,915		45,000 21,915	45,000 21,915		45,000 21,915	-
Revaluation Fund	86,500		86,500	86,500		86,500	-
Total other financing uses	336,415		336,415	336,415		336,415	
-	230,112	-		230,110		330,113	
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses \$	128,378,233 \$	1,060,000	\$ 129,438,233	126,434,012	\$ 2,258,728	128,692,740 \$	745,493
Budgetary expenditures are different than G.	AAP expenditures be	ecause:					
Revaluation fund expenses not budgeted for	or - combination of f	und for GASB 54 pur	poses			40,425	
Transfers to the revaluation and turf field if	unds that are collaps	sed under GASB 54 -	not a GAAP exper	nditure		(141,500)	
State of Connecticut on-behalf payments to Town teachers are not budgeted.	the Connecticut Sta	ate Teachers' Retirem	ent System for			9,855,441	
Encumbrances for purchases and commitmorder is placed for budgetary purposes, b			•	26		(2,258,728)	
Encumbrances for purchases and commitm	nents ordered in the p	previous year that wer	re received and	cs.			
liquidated in the current year are reported. The Board of Education does not budget for services and other revenue amounts rece for budgetary reporting. These amounts	or a combination of i	ntergovernmental gra ted against education	nts, charges for expenditures	ial		1,058,074	
reporting purposes.						2,263,743	
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Use Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance			ies,		\$	3 139,510,195	

TOWN PENSION PLAN

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

LAST FISCAL YEAR

	_	2014
Total pension liability:		
Service cost	\$	1,447,332
Interest		2,840,427
Differences between expected and actual experience		221
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(1,288,272)
Net change in total pension liability		2,999,708
Total pension liability - beginning		42,080,401
Total pension liability - ending	_	45,080,109
Plan fiduciary net position:		
Contributions - employer		1,550,489
Contributions - member		240,371
Net investment income		7,963,970
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(1,288,272)
Administrative expense		(33,036)
Other		390,274
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		8,823,796
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		41,406,306
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	_	50,230,102
Net Pension Liability (Asset) - Ending	\$_	(5,149,993)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		111.42%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	14,309,518
Net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		-35.99%

FIREFIGHTERS UNION PENSION PLAN

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

LAST FISCAL YEAR

	_	2014
Total pension liability:		
Service cost	\$	279,175
Interest		1,062,259
Differences between expected and actual experience		24,583
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(520,379)
Net change in total pension liability		845,638
Total pension liability - beginning		15,737,168
Total pension liability - ending	_	16,582,806
Plan fiduciary net position:		
Contributions - employer		427,271
Contributions - member		107,813
Net investment income		2,745,052
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(520,379)
Administrative expense		(11,387)
Other		, ,
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		2,748,370
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		14,409,620
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	_	17,157,990
Net Pension Liability (Asset) - Ending	\$	(575,184)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		103.47%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	1,631,953
Net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		-35.25%

POLICE UNION PENSION PLAN

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

LAST FISCAL YEAR

	_	2014
Total pension liability:		
Service cost	\$	522,253
Interest		1,744,572
Differences between expected and actual experience		(258,928)
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(1,043,728)
Net change in total pension liability	_	964,169
Total pension liability - beginning		25,845,511
Total pension liability - ending	_	26,809,680
Plan fiduciary net position:		
Contributions - employer		700,325
Contributions - member		194,230
Net investment income		4,548,876
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(1,043,728)
Administrative expense		(18,870)
Other		(390,274)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	_	3,990,559
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		23,968,523
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	_	27,959,082
Net Pension Liability (Asset) - Ending	\$_	(1,149,402)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		104.29%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	2,786,130
Net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		-41.25%

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS - TOWN PENSION PLAN

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$ 1,468,009 1,550,489	\$ 1,454,663 1,589,725	\$ 1,522,605 1,553,553	\$ 1,573,625 1,523,632	\$ 1,556,663 1,543,653	\$ 1,399,891 1,270,216	\$ 1,208,388 1,176,732	\$ 1,136,878 1,114,908	\$ 1,148,279 1,152,628	\$ 936,243 685,252
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ (82,480)	\$ (135,062)	\$ (30,948)	\$ 49,993	\$ 13,010	\$ 129,675	\$ 31,656	\$ 21,970	\$ (4,349)	\$ 250,991
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 14,309,518	\$ 14,251,512	\$ 13,535,316	\$ 13,748,035	\$ 13,617,621	\$ 13,459,105	\$ 13,317,463	\$ 13,011,479	\$ 12,053,109	\$ 11,703,879
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	10.84%	11.15%	11.48%	11.08%	11.34%	9.44%	8.84%	8.57%	9.56%	5.85%

Notes to Schedule

Valuation date: July 1, 2013 Measurement date: June 30, 2014

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the

end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Frozen entry age
Amortization method Level dollar
Remaining amortization period 30 years, open
Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.0% Salary increases 3.25%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Retirement age Later of either (1) Age 65, or (2) 10 years of service

Mortality - Actives / Retirees Section 430 Mortality with separate male and female pre and post retirement rates as published by the United States Treasury Department for 2014

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS - FIREFIGHTERS UNION PENSION PLAN

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2014		2013	_	2012	_	2011	_	2010	_	2009	_	2008	_	2007	_	2006	_	2005
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$ 392,4° 427,2°		415,095 436,433	\$	385,234 412,385	\$_	418,651 391,172	\$	385,142 367,843	\$	303,518 282,314	\$	256,045 250,194	\$	276,088 265,167	\$	314,349 318,142	\$	313,832 269,630
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ (34,75	3) \$	(21,338)	\$	(27,151)	\$	27,479	\$	17,299	\$	21,204	\$	5,851	\$	10,921	\$	(3,793)	\$	44,202
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,631,95	3 \$	1,585,620	\$	1,642,192	\$	1,716,216	\$	1,820,999	\$	1,689,935	\$	1,710,044	\$	1,447,147	\$	1,353,731	\$	1,511,924
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	26.13	1%	27.52%		25.11%		22.79%		20.20%		16.71%		14.63%		18.32%		23.50%		17.83%

Notes to Schedule

Valuation date: July 1, 2013 Measurement date: June 30, 2014

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the

end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Frozen entry age
Amortization method Level dollar
Remaining amortization period 30 years, open
Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market
Inflation 2,0%

Inflation 2.0% Salary increases 3.25%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Retirement age Earlier of either (1) Age 55 with 10 years of service, or (2) the first day of the month following the completion of 25 years of service

Mortality - Actives / Retirees Section 430 Mortality with separate male and female pre and post retirement rates as published by the United States Treasury Department for 2014

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS - POLICE UNION PENSION PLAN

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		014	 2013	_	2012	_	2011	_	2010	_	2009	_	2008	_	2007	_	2006	_	2005
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		643,297 700,325	\$ 650,407 683,842	\$	592,451 724,062	\$	658,822 615,578	\$	647,992 618,886	\$	591,988 512,470	\$_	533,454 482,959	\$	592,737 532,847	\$	621,352 587,848	\$ _	598,211 478,136
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ (:	(57,028)	\$ (33,435)	\$	(131,611)	\$	43,244	\$	29,106	\$_	79,518	\$	50,495	\$	59,890	\$	33,504	\$_	120,075
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 2,78	86,130	\$ 2,772,407	\$	2,719,721	\$	2,701,960	\$	2,950,860	\$	3,068,170	\$	2,937,107	\$	2,773,362	\$	2,777,493	\$	2,733,744
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	:	25.14%	24.67%		26.62%		22.78%		20.97%		16.70%		16.44%		19.21%		21.16%		17.49%

Notes to Schedule

Valuation date: July 1, 2013 Measurement date: June 30, 2014

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the

end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Frozen entry age
Amortization method Level dollar
Remaining amortization period 30 years, open
Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.0% Salary increases 3.25%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Retirement age Earlier of either (1) Age 55 with 10 years of service, or (2) the first day of the month following the completion of 25 years of service

Mortality - Actives / Retirees Section 430 Mortality with separate male and female pre and post retirement rates as published by the United States Treasury Department for 2014

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS

LAST FISCAL YEAR

Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense* 18.83%

^{*}The annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense is identical for the Town, Firefighters and Police Union Pension plans.

General Fund

The General Fund is the principal fund of the Town and is used to account for all activities of the Town, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund accounts for the normal recurring activities of the Town (i.e., general government, public safety, public works, health, social services, recreation, education, etc.). These activities are funded principally by property taxes, user fees and grants from other governmental units.

REPORT OF TAX COLLECTOR

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Grand	Uncollected	Current	Lawful Co	orrections	Transfer	Adjusted				Uncollected
List	Taxes	Year			to	Amount		Interest and		Taxes
Year	July 1, 2013	Levy	Additions	Deductions	Suspense	Collectible	Taxes	Lien Fees	Total	June 30, 2014
1997 and Prior	\$ 11,921	\$	\$ \$	S	\$	\$ 11,921	\$	\$ \$	- 5	11,921
1998	29,505			20,274		9,231			_	9,231
1999	29,429				21,295	8,134			_	8,134
2000	43,481				23,328	20,153			_	20,153
2001	57,722				25,241	32,481			-	32,481
2002	87,385				31,996	55,389	14,620	4,558	19,178	40,769
2003	114,241		76		33,933	80,384	13,066	5,786	18,852	67,318
2004	136,026		150	150	41,924	94,102	11,726	3,718	15,444	82,376
2005	169,024				59,790	109,234	12,487	3,861	16,348	96,747
2006	210,479				63,258	147,221	14,173	3,009	17,182	133,048
2007	390,304				220,066	170,238	17,108	3,011	20,119	153,130
2008	371,954				144,983	226,971	49,722	13,124	62,846	177,249
2009	624,100		1,914	472	152,912	472,630	114,954	60,881	175,835	357,676
2010	1,018,946		3,295	15,558	85,696	920,987	266,006	76,050	342,056	654,981
2011	1,667,695		13,109	81,682	84,699	1,514,423	698,486	118,907	817,393	815,937
Suspense					(26,372)	26,372	26,372	29,750	56,122	
Total Prior Year	4,962,212	-	18,544	118,136	962,749	3,899,871	1,238,720	322,655	1,561,375	2,661,151
2012		116,369,248	427,454	381,765	98,746	116,316,191	114,821,477	218,967	115,040,444	1,494,714
Grand Total	\$ 4,962,212	\$ 116,369,248	\$ 445,998 \$	499,901	\$ 1,061,495	\$ 120,216,062	\$ 116,060,197	\$ 541,622 \$	116,601,819	4,155,865

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

Town Aid Road - is used to account for Connecticut Department of Transportation grants relating to improvements to local roads.

Sewer Operating I, II, and III - is used to account for sewer use charges and related expenditures relating to the sewer operating facility in the three sewer districts.

Public Safety Donations - is used to account for public donations for Fire and Police Departments and expenditures relating to departmental public safety equipment.

Cafeteria - is used to account for operations of the school lunch program, including the receipt and expenditure of related federal and state funding.

Education Grants - is used to account for U.S. Department of Education and Connecticut Department of Education grants as well as local grants relating to education.

School Miscellaneous - is used to account for rent receipts associated with the rental of school property, participant fees and expenditures relating to summer and adult educational programs for Ridgefield school students and imprest cash disbursements relating to Ridgefield's school system.

Tiger Hollow - is used to account for the revenues and expenditures relating to the Ridgefield High School Football Field renovation and perpetual maintenance. The major source of revenue for this fund is contributions.

Youth Barn - is used to account for the revenues and expenditures relating to a youth facility and activity. The major sources of revenue for this fund are fees and contributions.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds (Continued)

Miscellaneous Grants - are used to account for small nonrecurring grant funds and related expenditures for those specific purposes.

Social Services - is used to account for local grants and expenditures relating to the Town's social services.

Solid Waste - is used to account for the solid waste collection expenditures relating to all Town facilities. The major source of revenue is fees.

Parking Fund - is used to account for the revenues and expenditures relating to the Branchville Railroad Station. The major source of revenue is fees.

Permanent Fund

The permanent fund is used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, not principal, maybe used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs.

Ballard Park Fund - is used to account for an endowment pursuant to a trust agreement that restricts the use of that endowment's investment earnings to the preservation of Ballard Park.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2014

						Spe	cial	Revenue Fu	ınd	S			
	_	Town Aid Road		Sewer Operating , II, and III	_	Public Safety Donations		Cafeteria		Education Grants		School Miscellaneous	Tiger Hollow
ASSETS													
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables, net	\$	143,863	\$	517,604 113,273	\$	276,489	\$	88,757 34,060	\$	63,499 3,297	\$	359,933 \$	5 167,314
Other assets	_			,	_			36,568					
Total Assets	\$_	143,863	\$_	630,877	\$_	276,489	\$	159,385	\$	66,796	\$	359,933 \$	167,314
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES													
Liabilities:													
Accounts payable Due to other funds	\$	3,815	\$	118,548	\$		\$	123,071	\$		\$	\$	140,000
Unearned revenue					_		_	48,369	_	66,796	_		
Total liabilities	=	3,815	_	118,548	_	-		171,440		66,796		-	140,000
Deferred Inflows of Resources:													
Unavailable revenue - other receivables	_		_	113,273	_				-				
Fund Balances:								26.560					
Nonspendable Restricted		140,048				276,489		36,568				93,477	27,314
Committed		140,046		399,056		270,409						266,456	27,314
Unassigned				377,030				(48,623)				200,130	
Total fund balances	_	140,048	_	399,056	_	276,489		(12,055)	-	-		359,933	27,314
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of													
Resources and Fund Balances	\$_	143,863	\$	630,877	\$_	276,489	\$	159,385	\$	66,796	\$	359,933 \$	167,314

(Continued on next page)

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2014

	_	Special Revenue Funds									I	Permanent Fund	t	Total
	_	Youth Barn		Miscellaneous Grants		Social Services		Solid Waste	_	Parking Fund		Ballard Park Fund		Nonmajor Governmental Funds
ASSETS														
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables, net Other assets	\$		\$	355,321	\$	360,635	\$		\$	31,027	\$	11,409 30,364	\$	2,375,851 30,364 150,630 36,568
Total Assets	\$_	-	\$_	355,321	\$	360,635	\$_		\$_	31,027	\$	41,773	\$	2,593,413
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES														
Liabilities:	ф	446	Φ	10.004	Φ	16.600	Φ	4.722	Ф	2 (70	Φ		Φ	200 007
Accounts payable Due to other funds	\$	446 16,769	3	10,004	3	46,600	Þ	4,733 42,589	>	2,670	3		\$	309,887 199,358
Unearned revenue		10,707		47,182				42,507						162,347
Total liabilities	_	17,215		57,186		46,600	 	47,322	-	2,670		-		671,592
Deferred Inflows of Resources:														112 272
Unavailable revenue - other receivables	_								-					113,273
Fund Balances:														
Nonspendable														36,568
Restricted Committed				298,135		314,035				28,357		41,773		1,219,628
Unassigned		(17,215)						(47,322)						665,512 (113,160)
Total fund balances	_	(17,215)		298,135		314,035		(47,322)	-	28,357		41,773		1,808,548
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of														
Resources and Fund Balances	\$_	-	\$_	355,321	\$	360,635	\$_	-	\$	31,027	\$_	41,773	\$	2,593,413

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COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

l Revenue	

		Town Aid Road	Sewer Operating I, II, and III	Public Safety Donations	Cafeteria	Education Grants	School Miscellaneous	Tiger Hollow
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental	\$	378,462		13,779		1,180,517		\$
Charges for services			1,815,322	220 642	1,800,357		232,291	200.020
Contributions Income from investments				228,643			148,880	308,928
Other			13,920					
Total revenues	_	378,462	1,829,242	242,422	1,992,940	1,180,517	381,171	308,928
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government								
Health and welfare Parks and recreation								469,752
Public safety				29,824				402,732
Public works		376,475	1,279,572	,				
Education	_				2,097,526	1,180,517	1,371,174	
Total expenditures	_	376,475	1,279,572	29,824	2,097,526	1,180,517	1,371,174	469,752
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over								
Expenditures		1,987	549,670	212,598	(104,586)	-	(990,003)	(160,824)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in							810,296	63,000
Transfers out	_		(25,000)			-		
Net other financing sources (uses)	_		(25,000)				810,296	63,000
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,987	524,670	212,598	(104,586)	-	(179,707)	(97,824)
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		138,061	(125,614)	63,891	92,531		539,640	125,138
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	140,048	399,056 \$	276,489	\$ (12,055)	S	\$ 359,933	\$ 27,314

(Continued on next page)

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Permanent

TOWN OF RIDGEFIELD, CONNECTICUT

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

			Sı	eci	al Revenue Fu	ınds				Fund	Total
	 Youth Barn	M	liscellaneous Grants	_	Social Services		Solid Waste	Parking Fund	_	Ballard Park Fund	Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Revenues:											
Intergovernmental	\$	\$	55,666	\$	7,000	\$	\$		\$:	\$ 1,828,007
Charges for services Contributions	17,811		77,532 9,680		21,523 156,305		210,284	50,729			4,208,038 870,247
Income from investments	17,611		548		130,303					91	639
Other			540							71	13,920
Total revenues	17,811		143,426	_	184,828		210,284	50,729	_	91	6,920,851
Expenditures:											
Current:											
General government			25,009								25,009
Health and welfare	63,298		72,993		161,788						298,079
Parks and recreation Public safety			3,496 9,075		56,343						529,591 38,899
Public works			9,073				212,634	60,314			1,928,995
Education							,				4,649,217
Total expenditures	63,298		110,573		218,131	_	212,634	60,314	_	-	7,469,790
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over											
Expenditures	(45,487)		32,853		(33,303)		(2,350)	(9,585)		91	(548,939)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):											
Transfers in	66,920										940,216
Transfers out											(25,000)
Net other financing sources (uses)	66,920		-		-	_		-	_		915,216
Net Change in Fund Balances	21,433		32,853		(33,303)		(2,350)	(9,585)		91	366,277
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	(38,648)		265,282	_	347,338	_	(44,972)	37,942	_	41,682	1,442,271
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ (17,215)	\$	298,135	\$_	314,035	\$	(47,322) \$	28,357	\$	41,773	\$ 1,808,548

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SCHEDULE OF SEWER USE CHARGES DISTRICT I FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Year		Uncollected Sewer Use Charges July 1, 2013	 Current Year Charges	-	Adjustments	_	Adjusted Amount Collectible	 Collections		Uncollected Sewer Use Charges June 30, 2014
2006	\$	636	\$	\$		\$	636	\$ 390	\$	246
2007		1,073					1,073	390		683
2008		1,462					1,462	780		682
2009		2,670					2,670	1,208		1,462
2010		8,480					8,480	1,700		6,780
2011		14,977					14,977	4,620		10,357
2012		25,374			(1,000)		24,374	10,251		14,123
2013		60,321			1,674		61,995	38,475		23,520
2014	-		 1,346,340	-	11,277	_	1,357,617	 1,302,946	_	54,671
Total	\$_	114,993	\$ 1,346,340	\$	11,951	\$_	1,473,284	\$ 1,360,760	\$	112,524

SCHEDULE OF SEWER USE CHARGES DISTRICT II FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Year	-	Uncollected Sewer Use Charges July 1, 2013	 Current Year Charges	<u> </u>	Adjustments	 Adjusted Amount Collectible	 Collections	 Uncollected Sewer Use Charges June 30, 2014
2009	\$	340	\$	\$		\$ 340	\$ 340	\$ -
2010		10,880				10,880	10,880	-
2011		11,386				11,386	11,244	142
2012		12,884				12,884	12,558	326
2013		20,669				20,669	19,643	1,026
2014	-		 265,475			 265,475	 261,275	 4,200
Total	\$	56,159	\$ 265,475	\$	-	\$ 321,634	\$ 315,940	\$ 5,694

SCHEDULE OF SEWER USE CHARGES DISTRICT III FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Year	Uncollected Sewer Use Charges July 1, 2013	Current Year Charges	Adjustments	Adjusted Amount Collectible	Collections	Uncollected Sewer Use Charges June 30, 2014
2012 \$ 2013	(24) \$	\$	\$	(24)	\$ (24) \$	-
2014		23,430		23,430	22,440	990
Total \$_	(24) \$	23,430 \$	- \$	23,406	\$ 22,416 \$	990

Internal Service Funds

Internal service funds are used to account for claims involving risk financing activities under GASB Statement No. 10.

Property and Casualty - is used to account for property and casualty insurance claims.

Heart and Hypertension - is used to account for claims involving heart and hypertension compensation under Connecticut General Statutes.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2014

		Governmen	ıtal .	tal Activities - Internal Service Funds						
	_	Property and Casualty		Heart and Hypertension		Total				
Assets:										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$_	53,796	\$_	44,358	\$	98,154				
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	_	6,902	_	7,657	_	14,559				
Net Position:										
Unrestricted	_	46,894	_	36,701	. <u>-</u>	83,595				
Total Net Position	\$	46,894	\$	36,701	\$	83,595				

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

		Governmental A	ctivities - Internal	Service Funds
	_	Property and Casualty	Heart and Hypertension	Total
Operating Revenues:				
Insurance proceeds	\$	101,261 \$:	\$ 101,261
Operating Expenses:				
Claims incurred	_	125,837	84,347	210,184
Operating Loss		(24,576)	(84,347)	(108,923)
Nonoperating Income: Investment income	_	8		8
Loss Before Transfers		(24,568)	(84,347)	(108,915)
Transfers in	_		65,000	65,000
Change in Net Position		(24,568)	(19,347)	(43,915)
Net Position - Beginning of Year	_	71,462	56,048	127,510
Net Position - End of Year	\$	46,894 \$	36,701	\$ 83,595

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	G	overnmental Acti	vities - Internal S	Servi	ce Funds
		Property and	Heart and		
		Casualty	Hypertension		Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:					
Cash received as insurance proceeds	\$	101,261 \$		\$	101,261
Cash paid for benefits, claims and administration		(122,498)	(82,121)		(204,619)
Net cash used in operating activities		(21,237)	(82,121)		(103,358)
Cash Flows Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities:					
Transfers in			65,000		65,000
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:					
Investment income		8			8
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(21,229)	(17,121)		(38,350)
Not Beefeuse in Cush and Cush Equivalents		(21,22)	(17,121)		(30,330)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year		75,025	61,479		136,504
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$	53,796 \$	44,358	\$	98,154
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash					
Used in Operating Activities: Operating loss	\$	(24,576) \$	(84,347)	\$	(108,923)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used in operating activities:					
Increase in accounts payable	_	3,339	2,226	_	5,565
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities	\$	(21,237) \$	(82,121)	\$	(103,358)

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the Town in a trustee capacity for individuals, private organizations or other governments.

<u>Pension Trust Fund</u> - The Pension Trust Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for pension benefit payments to qualified public employees.

<u>OPEB Trust Fund</u> - The OPEB Trust Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for other postemployment benefit payments to qualified public employees.

Agency Fund

Agency funds are used to report resources held by the reporting government in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities).

Student Activities - is used to account for the public school students' extracurricular activities.

Performance Bonds - is used to account for the full performance of contractual obligation bonds.

Contractor's Driveway Bonds - is used to account for the full performance of contractual obligations for approved driveway plan bonds.

Ridgebury Cemetery - is used to account for the Ridgebury Cemetery organizational funds.

Open Space Conservation Commission - is used to account for the Ridgefield Conservation Commission organizational funds.

Holiday Trust - is used to account for contributions to support annual holiday events.

Welcome to Ridgefield Fund - is used to account for contributions to support the beautification of Main Street landscape.

McKeon Farm Preservation Trust - is used to account for contributions to support the effort to preserve McKeon Farm as open space.

Flexible Spending Account - is used to account for that portion of employees' earnings that are deducted and used to pay for qualified medical costs on a pre-tax basis.

Tiger Hollow Scholarship Fund - is used to account for funds related to college scholarships granted by Tiger Hollow.

Miscellaneous - is used to account for various Town organizations with minor activities and account balances.

AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

<u></u>		Balance July 1, 2013	. <u>–</u>	Additions		Deductions		Balance June 30, 2014
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents:								
Student Activities	\$	448,771	\$	1,704,635	\$	1,686,037	\$	467,369
Performance Bonds		575,152		164,169		73,264		666,057
Contractor's Driveway Bonds		67,750		50,250		54,000		64,000
Ridgebury Cemetery		12,521		7,205		10,000		9,726
Open Space Conservation Commission		112,861		73,245		2,492		183,614
Holiday Trust Fund		27,450		27,164		25,111		29,503
Welcome to Ridgefield Fund				25,000		25,000		-
McKeon Farm Preservation Trust		12,373				1,090		11,283
Flexible Spending Account		15,311		19,942		15,161		20,092
Tiger Hollow Scholarship Fund		5,082		10				5,092
Miscellaneous	_	278,049	_	255,555		231,569		302,035
Total cash and cash equivalents		1,555,320		2,327,175		2,123,724		1,758,771
Investments:								
Ridgebury Cemetery		225,369		13,565		3,121		235,813
Accounts receivable:								
Miscellaneous	_	3,741	_			3,741		
Total Assets	\$_	1,784,430	\$_	2,340,740	\$_	2,130,586	\$	1,994,584
LIABILITIES								
Due to others:								
Student Activities	\$	448,771	\$	1,704,635	\$	1,686,037	\$	467,369
Performance Bonds		575,152		164,169		73,264		666,057
Contractor's Driveway Bonds		67,750		50,250		54,000		64,000
Ridgebury Cemetery		237,890		20,770		13,121		245,539
Open Space Conservation Commission		112,861		73,245		2,492		183,614
Holiday Trust Fund		27,450		27,164		25,111		29,503
Welcome to Ridgefield Fund				25,000		25,000		-
McKeon Farm Preservation Trust		12,373				1,090		11,283
Flexible Spending Account		15,311		19,942		15,161		20,092
Tiger Hollow Scholarship Fund		5,082		10				5,092
Miscellaneous	_	281,790	_	255,555		235,310	-	302,035
Total Liabilities	\$_	1,784,430	\$	2,340,740	\$	2,130,586	\$	1,994,584

Statistical Section

The objectives of statistical section information are to provide financial statement users with additional historical perspective, context and detail to assist in using the information in the financial statements, notes to financial statements and required supplementary information to understand and assess economic condition.

Statistical section information is presented in the following categories:

- *Financial trends information* is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing how financial position has changed over time.
- Revenue capacity information is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing the factors affecting the ability to generate own-source revenues (property taxes, charges for services, etc.).
- *Debt capacity information* is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing debt burden and the ability to issue additional debt.
- Demographic and economic information is intended 1) to assist users in understanding the socioeconomic environment and 2) to provide information that facilitates comparisons of financial statement information over time and among governments.
- Operating information is intended to provide contextual information about operations and resources to assist readers in using financial statement information to understand and assess economic condition.

The accompanying tables are presented in the above order. Refer to the Table of Contents for applicable page number locations.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in the tables is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

LAST TEN YEARS (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

FISCAL YEAR

						FISCA	LILAK					
	_	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013		2014
Governmental Activities: Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	\$	47,573,213 \$	50,382,144 \$	60,639,192 \$	62,909,126 \$	68,136,764 \$	75,686,053 \$	79,350,980 \$	82,564,434 \$	92,535,842	\$	93,277,534
Permanent fund: Expendable Unrestricted	-	25,000 12,083,815	49,793 15,982,058	53,776 14,747,928	48,444 18,460,647	42,869 17,914,847	41,674 15,694,003	57,753 16,601,772	54,475 25,782,426	41,682 19,051,251		41,773 20,978,070
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$ <u></u>	59,682,028 \$	66,413,995 \$	75,440,896 \$	81,418,217 \$	86,094,480 \$	91,421,730 \$	96,010,505 \$	108,401,335 \$	111,628,775	\$ <u>1</u>	14,297,377
Primary Government:												
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$	47,573,213 \$ 25,000 12,083,815	50,382,144 \$ 49,793 15,982,058	60,639,192 \$ 53,776 14,747,928	62,909,126 \$ 48,444 18,460,647	68,136,764 \$ 42,869 17,914,847	75,686,053 \$ 41,674 15,694,003	79,350,980 \$ 57,753 16,601,772	82,564,434 \$ 54,475 25,782,426	92,535,842 41,682 19,051,251 *		93,277,534 41,773 20,978,070
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$_	59,682,028 \$	66,413,995 \$	75,440,896 \$	81,418,217 \$	86,094,480 \$	91,421,730 \$	96,010,505 \$	108,401,335 \$	111,628,775	\$ <u>1</u>	14,297,377

^{*} As restated

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

LAST TEN YEARS (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	FISCAL YEAR																		
	_	2005	2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014
Expenses:	_			_		_						_							
Governmental activities:																			
General government	\$	4,541,033 \$	5,226,056	\$	5,578,405	\$	4,980,763	\$	7,001,880	\$	7,558,307	\$	4,485,127	\$	5,080,033 \$		5,547,382	\$	7,239,708
Health and welfare		836,882	964,674		994,587		1,076,389		946,811		814,918		813,904		854,954		766,590		1,128,544
Recreation		6,069,623	6,456,843		6,928,229		6,973,383		6,742,497		6,299,705		6,904,437		7,062,174		7,270,110		7,558,077
Public safety		9,294,400	9,747,366		10,380,405		11,351,722		10,781,037		10,891,047		12,266,773		12,233,586		12,854,341		13,142,993
Public works		8,649,358	8,306,575		8,626,653		8,926,118		8,824,842		7,346,310		9,522,503		9,208,835		8,536,286		9,551,580
Education		70,525,966	74,257,956		78,943,085		104,833,414		87,303,629		91,142,573		91,081,269		94,281,327		96,137,658		99,372,877
Library		1,549,143	1,478,580		1,545,200		1,610,000		1,642,400		1,642,400		1,682,300		1,685,946		1,584,665		6,716,725
Interest expense	_	6,118,255	4,928,113		5,797,800	_	5,361,558	_	4,810,322	_	3,914,351	_	4,014,647	_	3,655,086		3,304,355	_	2,813,682
Total Primary Government Expenses	_	107,584,660	111,366,163	_	118,794,364	_	145,113,347	_	128,053,418	_	129,609,611	_	130,770,960	_	134,061,941	1	36,001,387	_	147,524,186
Program Revenues:																			
Governmental activities:																			
Charges for services:																			
General government		2,102,472	2,689,269		2,356,361		1,839,287		1,235,053		1,346,634		1,405,011		1,880,008		1,648,127		1,780,912
Health and welfare		23,123	23,852		119,123		129,035		151,158		158,125		76,415		73,145		78,782		80,556
Recreation		3,735,524	3,747,677		3,885,215		4,205,128		3,968,287		3,826,202		3,981,291		4,047,108		4,194,262		4,535,460
Public safety		835,520	1,068,908		929,183		1,153,373		1,272,191		1,213,883		1,101,760		1,137,401		1,213,322		1,384,985
Public works		2,811,698	2,730,784		2,815,363		3,299,671		2,769,637		2,912,354		2,610,381		2,639,730		2,843,994		2,812,681
Education		2,083,900	2,108,515		2,386,642		2,207,114		2,348,860		2,161,821		2,595,245		3,485,665		2,825,214		2,535,127
Operating grants and contributions		4,684,942	7,803,555		9,316,257		31,536,057		11,075,194		12,724,035		13,100,693		13,728,634		15,679,679		17,836,669
Capital grants and contributions	_	255,143	141,008		308,068	_	365,589	_	445,243	_	121,219	_	690,743	_				_	
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	_	16,532,322	20,313,568	_	22,116,212	_	44,735,254	_	23,265,623	_	24,464,273	_	25,561,539	_	26,991,691		28,483,380	_	30,966,390
Net Expenses:																			
Governmental activities	_	(91,052,338)	(91,052,595)		(96,678,152)	_	(100,378,093)	_	(104,787,795)	_	(105,145,338)	_	(105,209,421)	_	(107,070,250)	(1	07,518,007)	_	(116,557,796)
General Revenues and Other																			
Changes in Net Position:																			
Governmental activities:																			
Property taxes		88,777,534	95,793,280		100,455,882		104,397,451		107,950,909		109,369,264		112,078,692		114,105,779	1	13,078,138		117,235,686
Grants and contributions not restricted to																			
specific programs		756,132	106,291		153,097		845,721		690,850		744,776		731,357		867,242		706,590		241,212
Gain on sale of capital assets					19,037				42,734				25,549						
Investment income		450,439	848,591		1,268,395		911,853		295,397		90,470		79,161		69,732		49,688		68,309
Donations of capital assets		29,140	414,820		858,840														
Miscellaneous		756,558	621,580		1,186,234		178,566		65,864		313,640		148,443		4,418,333		48,768		1,681,191
Total governmental activities	_	90,769,803	97,784,562	_	103,941,485	_	106,333,591	_	109,045,754	_	110,518,150	_	113,063,202	_	119,461,086		13,883,184	_	119,226,398
Change in Net Position	\$_	(282,535) \$	6,731,967	\$	7,263,333	\$	5,955,498	\$	4,257,959	\$	5,372,812	\$	7,853,781	\$	12,390,836 \$	_	6,365,177	\$	2,668,602

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FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

					FISC	AL YEAR				
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
General fund:										
Reserved	\$ 593,872 \$	440,412 \$	841,150 \$	799,156 \$	762,120	\$ 419,421	\$	\$	\$	\$
Designated for subsequent year's budget			1,000,000	1,200,000	1,000,000	450,000				
Unreserved and undesignated	5,386,239	7,696,456	7,641,661	7,904,484	7,826,306	8,417,747				
Assigned							1,226,175	4,116,077	2,941,188	3,158,728
Unassigned							9,048,490	11,507,184	11,709,896	12,897,561
Total General Fund	\$ 5,980,111 \$	8,136,868 \$	9,482,811 \$	9,903,640 \$	9,588,426	\$ 9,287,168	\$ 10,274,665	\$ 15,623,261	\$ 14,651,084	\$ 16,056,289
All other governmental funds:										
Reserved	\$ 649,487 \$	732,169 \$	947,418 \$	1,147,242 \$	1,620,451	\$ 1,916,393	\$	\$	\$	\$
Unreserved, reported in:										
Special revenue funds	2,690,267	3,104,549	2,347,284	1,870,865	1,586,791	1,376,629				
Capital projects funds	(1,819,533)	480,076	(7,652,327)	(719,392)	(3,544,178)	(5,967,946))			
Permanent funds	23,210	24,793	28,776	23,444	15,368	15,938				
Nonspendable									23,886	36,568
Restricted							1,128,427	1,079,006	1,630,657	1,647,461
Committed							2,316,294	2,878,258	1,930,587	2,325,461
Unassigned							(599,191)	(11,307,731)	(3,751,893)	(3,410,135)
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$_1,543,431_\$	4,341,587 \$	(4,328,849) \$	2,322,159 \$	(321,568)	\$ (2,658,986)	\$ 2,845,530	\$ (7,350,467)	\$ (166,763)	\$ 599,355

REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LAST TEN YEARS (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

FISCAL YEAR

	<u> </u>				FISCAL	YEAR				
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Revenues:										
Property taxes	\$ 88,583,323 \$	95,539,518 \$	100,065,605 \$	104,080,550 \$	107,419,676 \$	109,378,457 \$	111,206,601 \$	113,029,057 \$	113,464,133 \$	116,757,863
Intergovernmental	5,370,261	7,473,719	9,244,867	31,610,291	11,735,668	13,148,682	14,079,840	14,133,293	15,491,612	17,207,634
Charges for services	11,645,239	12,491,793	12,533,981	12,437,141	11,984,238	11,747,758	11,889,261	13,366,884	12,719,811	13,241,517
Contributions	362,930	509,151	415,675	1,158,152	496,696	459,573	447,800	463,980	899,729	870,247
Interest and investment income	445,222	824,370	1,231,797	869,627	288,985	89,702	79,160	69,732	49,636	68,301
Other	785,047	650,643	1,174,035	216,475	169,490	257,383	303,127	4,458,189	121,308	1,719,937
Total revenues	107,192,022	117,489,194	124,665,960	150,372,236	132,094,753	135,081,555	138,005,789	145,521,135	142,746,229	149,865,499
Expenditures:										
Current:										
General government	8,310,995	8,508,620	9,059,947	9,582,204	9,533,790	10,042,185	10,399,600	10,955,041	11,314,409	11,018,400
Health and welfare	697,515	838,121	810,197	927,711	830,407	703,107	642,513	705,628	655,289	695,659
Community grants	239,467	243,604	232,545	224,162	293,100	178,775	204,075	216,675	229,322	225,772
• •	4,435,728	4,667,123	4,947,335		5,252,263		,	,	5,550,156	5,933,736
Recreation	6,691,279	7,128,342	7,249,288	5,145,899	8,339,019	4,771,092 8,207,636	5,054,088 8,365,740	5,194,679 8,376,538	8,715,521	9,019,151
Public safety				8,098,038			, ,	, ,		
Public works	5,635,669	5,984,995	5,459,233	6,037,325	6,208,517	5,807,367	5,876,015	5,838,627	5,926,346	6,768,034
Education	64,049,766	70,721,623	75,526,940	102,647,607	84,980,715	87,995,339	88,812,606	92,779,775	94,801,380	97,411,126
Library	1,419,600	1,478,580	1,545,200	1,610,000	1,642,400	1,642,400	1,682,300	1,685,946	1,584,665	1,716,725
Debt service:										
Principal	8,998,906	8,495,792	8,357,918	8,479,970	9,437,910	11,042,788	10,815,982	10,432,461	9,883,836	9,837,729
Interest	9,924,878	6,366,549	6,143,087	5,502,546	5,450,183	3,495,998	3,902,122	3,915,480	3,555,423	3,658,296
Bennett's pond settlement	2,300,000									
Capital outlay	9,300,823	6,152,567	5,815,293	5,018,365	3,837,148	4,312,674	4,309,975	10,735,186	5,558,317	10,421,400
Total expenditures	122,004,626	120,585,916	125,146,983	153,273,827	135,805,452	138,199,361	140,065,016	150,836,036	147,774,664	156,706,028
Deficiency of Revenues over Expenditures	(14,812,604)	(3,096,722)	(481,023)	(2,901,591)	(3,710,699)	(3,117,806)	(2,059,227)	(5,314,901)	(5,028,435)	(6,840,529)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	(34,612,628)				(31,378,050)		(35,639,464)			(11,237,245)
Premium on refunding bonds	3,132,628				2,981,845		3,631,170			1,131,311
Refunding bonds	31,480,000				28,635,000		32,225,000			10,240,000
Issuance of bonds	10,440,000	7,180,000		9,640,000			6,385,000		10,600,000	8,170,000
Premium on issuance of bonds	, , , ,						514,299		272,462	332,786
Issuance of drinking water loans							529,288		, ,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Issuance of capital lease		871,635	559,254	713,700	512,963	479,130	496,084	510,000	510,000	440,000
Proceeds from sale of assets		,	41,850		,	,	,	,	,	,
Transfers in	1,209,479	1,470,702	3,964,852	2,648,233	1,421,842	1,450,976	1,637,736	1,126,320	1,754,540	1.279.716
Transfers out	(1,209,479)	(1,470,702)	(4,229,426)	(2,648,233)	(1,421,842)	(1,450,976)	(1,664,736)	(1,168,820)	(1,897,040)	(1,344,716)
Total other financing sources	10,440,000	8,051,635	336,530	10,353,700	751,758	479,130	8,114,377	467,500	11,239,962	9,011,852
Net Change in Fund Balances	(4,372,604)	4,954,913	(144,493)	7,452,109	(2,958,941)	(2,638,676)	6,055,150	(4,847,401)	6,211,527	2,171,323
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year, or as Restated	11,896,146	7,523,542	5,298,455	4,773,690	12,225,799	9,266,858	7,065,045	13,120,195	8,272,794	14,484,321
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 7,523,542 \$	12,478,455 \$	5,153,962 \$	12,225,799 \$	9,266,858 \$	6,628,182 \$	13,120,195 \$	8,272,794 \$	14,484,321 \$	16,655,644
Debit Service as a Percentage to Noncapital Expenditures	16.79%	12.99%	12.15%	9.28%	11.09%	10.72%	10.69%	10.13%	9.42%	8.82%

ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited) amounts presented in thousands

	Fiscal	_	A	ssess	ed Property \	Value	s	Total Taxable	Mill		Estimated Actual	Assessed Value as a Percentage of	
_	Year		Real	-	Personal	T	ax Exempt	Assessed Value	Rate	_ <u>T</u>	axable Value	Actual Value	
	2005	\$	3,773,194	\$	359,589	\$	28,511	\$ 4,104,272	22.02	\$	7,401,087	55.45%	
	2006		3,818,831		362,902		27,332	4,154,401	23.42		8,711,940	47.69%	
	2007		3,873,447		373,305		34,076	4,212,676	24.23		8,030,910	52.46%	
	2008		5,098,296		373,702		33,258	5,438,740	24.87		8,031,355	67.72%	
	2009		5,167,975		363,214		38,220	5,492,969	19.91		7,409,510	74.13%	
	2010		5,516,832		371,707		72,982	5,815,557	20.00		7,601,307	76.51%	
	2011		5,552,991		382,940		78,709	5,857,222	20.40		7,509,258	78.00%	
	2012		5,602,283		399,288		80,666	5,920,905	20.37		6,846,962	86.47%	
	2013		4,304,007		388,746		73,873	4,618,880	25.38		6,893,850	67.00%	
	2014		4,381,922		395,256		76,790	4,700,388	26.01		7,238,148	64.94%	

Source: Town Assessor's office

Note: By state law property is assessed at 70% of actual value with periodic revaluation of real property.

The estimated actual amount is the equalized grand list which is estimated by the State of Connecticut, Office of Policy and Management.

DIRECT PROPERTY TAX RATES

LAST TEN YEARS

(Rates per \$1,000 of Assessed Value)

		Direct Rates		Overlap	ping Rates
Fiscal	Davis Data	General Obligation Debt	Total	C4-4-	C
<u>Year</u>	Basic Rate	Service	Direct	State	County
2005	18.96	3.06	22.02	N/A	N/A
2006	20.26	3.16	23.42	N/A	N/A
2007	21.05	3.18	24.23	N/A	N/A
2008	21.83	3.04	24.87	N/A	N/A
2009	17.53	2.38	19.91	N/A	N/A
2010	17.69	2.31	20.00	N/A	N/A
2011	18.09	2.31	20.40	N/A	N/A
2012	18.12	2.25	20.37	N/A	N/A
2013	22.71	2.67	25.38	N/A	N/A
2014	23.34	2.67	26.01	N/A	N/A

PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS

CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

(Unaudited)

	2	2014		2005				
	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Gross Taxable Assessed Grand List	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Gross Taxable Assessed Grand List		
Boehringer Ingelheim Pharmaceuticals, Inc. \$	223,697,005	1	4.76% \$	182,120,774	1	4.44%		
Connecticut Light & Power	20,797,210	2	0.44%	13,390,200	4	0.33%		
Equity One (Copps Hill)	19,390,000	3	0.41%					
Stephen J. Zemo	13,523,150	4	0.29%					
Ridgefield Professional Building	12,896,570	5	0.27%					
Flat Rock Corp	11,437,200	6	0.24%	6,527,460	10	0.16%		
Ridgefield Waterside Properties	10,941,220	7	0.23%					
Harrison Hunter	9,594,428	8	0.20%					
Eureka V, LLC	9,366,880	9	0.20%					
Irief II (formally CCC of Ridgefield, CT)	8,321,370	10	0.18%					
Schlumberger Technical Corporation				21,473,030	2	0.52%		
Ridgefield Properties, LLC				18,504,470	3	0.45%		
Benchmark Senior Housing LLC				8,641,600	5	0.21%		
Joseph & Ellen Ann Donnelly, Trustees				8,392,530	6	0.20%		
Acquarion Water Company				8,101,368	7	0.20%		
Ridgefield Bank				7,844,550	8	0.19%		
Athena Holdings, LLC		_		7,623,000	9	0.19%		
\$	339,965,033		7.22% \$	282,618,982		6.89%		

Source: Town Assessor's office

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

	Taxes Levied	_		within the of the Levy			Collections in		Tota Collections	
Fiscal Year	 for the Fiscal Year		Amount	Percenta of Levy		<u>-</u>	Subsequent Years	. <u>-</u>	Amount	Percentage of Levy
2005	\$ 88,483,571	\$	87,517,161		98.91%	\$	808,549	\$	88,325,710	99.82%
2006	95,159,220		94,428,055		99.23%		529,605		94,957,660	99.79%
2007	99,974,730		99,045,063		99.07%		762,120		99,807,183	99.83%
2008	104,203,399		103,123,944		98.96%		808,793		103,932,737	99.74%
2009	107,467,697		106,190,473		98.81%		834,838		107,025,311	99.59%
2010	108,814,209		107,420,320		98.72%		921,851		108,342,171	99.57%
2011	111,397,853		109,814,265		98.58%		968,737		110,783,002	99.45%
2012	113,330,243		111,582,933		98.46%		729,142		112,312,075	99.10%
2013	112,915,443		111,212,321		98.49%		719,795		111,932,116	99.13%
2014	116,369,248		114,891,284		98.73%		-		114,891,284	98.73%

Source: Tax Collector's office and Finance office

RATIO OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT TO ASSESSED VALUE AND NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	,	General Obligation Bonds(3)	Notes	Capital Leases (3)	Total General Long-Tern Debt (3)	1	A	Assessed Value (1)(3)	Long-To As	io of erm Debt sessed alue	Populatio (2)	n	Per Capita Income (2)	Percentage Persona Income (2	l	Long-Term Debt Per Capita
2005	\$	140,111	\$ 4,668	\$	\$ 144,779	\$	4	1,104,272	3.5	53%	24,588	\$	66,480	8.86%	\$	5,888
2006		131,432	4,068	629	136,129		4	1,154,401	3.2	28%	24,612		70,136	7.89%		5,531
2007		123,092	3,455	771	127,318		4	1,212,276	3.0)2%	24,710)	72,941	7.06%		5,152
2008		124,582	2,829	843	128,254		5	5,438,740	2.3	86%	24,720)	75,155	6.90%		5,188
2009		117,472	2,191	806	120,469		5	5,492,969	2.1	9%	24,595		70,366	6.96%		4,898
2010		107,748	1,541	542	109,831		5	5,815,557	1.8	89%	24,228	;	70,366	6.44%		4,533
2011		107,289	1,406	505	109,200		5	5,857,222	1.8	86%	24,652		67,076	6.60%		4,430
2012		96,793	692	503	97,988		5	5,920,905	1.6	55%	24,885		74,926	5.26%		3,938
2013		97,210	463	508	98,181		4	1,618,880	2.1	3%	25,045		75,470	5.19%		3,920
2014		95,686	438	462	96,586		4	1,700,388	2.0	05%	25,164	ļ	77,342	4.96%		3,838

⁽¹⁾ See Table 5 for taxable property value data

⁽²⁾ See Table 12 for income and population data. These ratios are calculated using personal income and population for the calendar year.

⁽³⁾ Amounts expressed in thousands.

SCHEDULE OF DEBT LIMITATION

CONNECTICUT GENERAL STATUTES, SECTION 7-374(b)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Tax Base: Total tax collections								\$	116,601,819
Reimbursement of Revenue Loss on: Elderly tax freeze and homeowners' grants								_	58,654
Total Base								\$_	116,660,473
	Public Improver		Schools		Sewers		Urban Renewal		Pension Deficit
Debt Limitation: 2 1/4 Times Base 4 1/2 Times Base 3 3/4 Times Base 3 1/4 Times Base	\$ 262,486,	.064 \$	524,972,129	\$	437,476,774	\$	379,146,537	\$	
3 Times Base Total limitations	262,486,	.064	524,972,129		437,476,774		379,146,537		349,981,419 349,981,419
Indebtedness: Bonds outstanding Bonds authorized but unissued	62,020,	.150	24,121,130	-	1,508,720	- <u>-</u>	312,140,331		377,701,717
Sewer notes payable Less sewer assessments	4,173,	,619			437,815 (663,046)				
Total indebtedness (1)	66,195,	,969	24,121,130		1,283,489				
Debt Limitation in Excess of Outstanding and Authorized Debt	\$ 196,290,	.095 \$	500,850,999	* = *	436,193,285	\$_	379,146,537	\$	349,981,419
Notes: (1) The total of the above indebtedne	s amounts to:							\$_	91,600,588
In no event shall total indebtedne	s exceed seve	n times	the base for deb	t lin	nitation comput	atio	n:	\$	816,623,311

⁽²⁾ There is no overlapping debt for the Town of Ridgefield.

Tor Dogg.

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

FISCAL YEAR 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 Debt limit \$ 618,650,410 \$ 668,830,162 \$ 699,930,735 \$ 727,968,528 \$ 751,329,068 \$ 766,281,747 \$ 778,274,042 \$ 790,889,505 \$ 793,904,069 \$ 816,623,311 Total net debt applicable to limit 135,106,335 122,216,405 118,675,388 120,421,909 114,044,065 106,508,712 105,088,571 98,829,152 99,096,548 91,600,588 Legal Debt Margin \$ 483,544,075 \$ 546,613,757 \$ 581,255,347 \$ 607,546,619 \$ 637,285,003 \$ 659,773,035 \$ 673,185,471 \$ 692,060,353 \$ 694,807,521 \$ 725,022,723 Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit 21.84% 18.27% 16.96% 16.54% 15.18% 13.90% 13.50% 12.50% 12.48% 11.22%

Note: The State of Connecticut General Statutes require that in no event shall the total debt of the Town exceed seven (7) times the annual receipts from taxation.

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Population	Per Capita Income	Personal Income (1)	Median Age (2)	School Enrollment (3)	Unemployment Rate (4)
				8 ()		
2005	24,588 \$	66,480 \$	1,634,610,240	39	5,597	3.70%
2006	24,612	70,136	1,726,187,232	38	5,641	2.50%
2007	24,710	72,941	1,802,372,110	38	5,498	3.10%
2008	24,720	75,155	1,857,831,600	39	5,591	2.80%
2009	24,595	70,366	1,730,651,770	41	5,480	6.10%
2010	24,228	70,366	1,704,827,448	41	5,400	5.80%
2011	24,652	67,076	1,653,557,552	42	5,377	6.40%
2012	24,885	74,926	1,864,533,510	42	5,312	6.40%
2013	25,045	75,470	1,890,146,150	42	5,233	5.80%
2014	25,164	77,342	1,946,234,088	43	5,263	4.70%

Sources: Population, per capita income, personal income and median age, U.S. Bureau of the Census and Connecticut Department of Health.

- (1) U.S. Bureau of the Census.
- (2) Connecticut Economic Resource Center
- (3) Town of Ridgefield, Board of Education.
- (4) Connecticut Economic Digest

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

CURRENT YEAR AND TEN YEARS AGO

(Unaudited)

		2014			2000 (1)
	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Town Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Town Employment
-	zanpioj ees			projecs		projinent
Boehringer-Ingelheim, Inc.	2,746	1	23.75%	1,200	1	10.08%
Laurel Ridge Health Care Center	210	2	1.82%			
Fairfield County Bankcorp	178	3	1.54%	95	6	0.80%
Stop & Shop	158	4	1.37%			
Adam Broderick Salon & Spa	157	5	1.36%			
Ridgefield Crossings	145	6	1.25%	50	10	0.42%
Kohl's Department Store	90	7	0.78%			
Ridgefield BMW	90	8	0.78%			
Ullman Devices, Corp	50	9	0.43%	76	8	0.64%
Pamby Motors, Inc.	48	10	0.42%	61	9	0.51%
S.V.G. Lithography Systems, Inc.				500	2	4.20%
Schlumberger Technical Corporation				140	3	1.18%
Norco Company				128	4	1.08%
Village Bank				100	5	0.84%
Duty Free International				80	7	0.67%
_	3,872		33.50%	2,430		20.42%

Source: Telephone survey and Department of Labor, State of Connecticut.

⁽¹⁾ Information not available for 2005.

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TOWN OF RIDGEFIELD, CONNECTICUT

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

		FISCAL YEAR											
		2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005		
General government													
Management services		28.4	28.4	28.4	28.4	28.4	27.4	28.9	30.5	26.5	26.5		
Finance		5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	6.0	6.5	7.0	7.0	7.0		
Planning		3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.0		
Building		3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0		
Public Health													
Health		3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	4.0	4.0	4.0		
Social Services		2.0	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.7	2.4	2.4	2.4		
Public safety													
Police		46.9	46.9	46.9	46.9	46.9	46.9	48.5	48.5	48.5	48.5		
Fire		42.5	42.5	42.5	42.5	42.5	42.5	38.0	37.8	35.2	35.2		
Parking		1.0	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.5	0.5		
Canine		1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8		
Public works		26.0	26.0	26.0	26.0	26.0	26.0	29.0	29.0	30.0	29.0		
Public Recreation													
Recreation		37.1	37.1	37.1	37.1	37.1	37.3	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0		
Golf Course		13.4	13.4	13.4	13.4	13.4	13.4	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0		
Tree Warden		0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6		
Public Education													
Certified		469.0	460.8	460.8	460.8	460.2	462.2	469.8	459.7	445.9	435.3		
Non-certified		242.0	231.4	231.4	231.4	248.8	242.7	227.4	217.1	214.5	210.6		
	Total	924.3	905.8	905.8	905.8	922.6	918.8	929.3	911.5	889.4	873.5		

Source: Town of Ridgefield, Human Resources Department and Board of Education, Personnel Department.

Notes: Full-time employees are scheduled to work 1,820 or 2,080 hours per year (including vacation and sick leave). Full-time equivalent employment is calculated by dividing total labor hours by 1,820 or 2,080 based on the employment classification.

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

FISCAL YEAR 2014 2013 2012 2011 2010 2009 2008 2007 2006 2005 General Government Legal Counsel: 275,004 303,069 Professional fees \$ \$ 267,381 \$ 288,307 \$ 181,081 \$ 184,766 \$ 201,721 \$ \$ 265,603 \$ 232,828 \$ 162,001 Town Clerk's Office: 2,743 2,671 2,798 3,054 3,073 2,958 2,949 3,046 2,982 Licenses issued 3,111 Record vital statistics 760 434 436 509 448 427 230 427 460 509 Document recordings 5,495 7,077 6,744 6,427 6,189 6,357 6,392 7.134 7,872 8,322 Registrar of Voters: 16,500 16,677 17,090 15,019 15,853 Registered voters 16,225 16,352 16,131 14,961 15,194 Elections and referenda 3 2 5 4 3 3 4 2 3 5 Planning and Development Building permits issued 2,381 2,220 2,336 1,734 1,666 1,719 2,067 2,264 2,198 2,146 \$ 62,343,391 \$ 75,311,852 \$ 114,539,257 \$ 44,575,354 \$ 36,179,734 \$ 50,918,011 \$ 88,204,342 \$ 117,022,051 \$ 83,580,683 \$ 65,921,952 Value of building permits Zoning permits issued 313 245 258 249 258 260 306 350 337 341 Public Safety Police Department: Motor vehicle citations 5.848 6.148 4.984 4.988 4.926 4,679 5.806 3.231 4.718 4.131 General citations 3.266 2.981 2,716 2,637 2,468 1.532 1.496 844 599 501 Fire Department: Fire related calls 1,292 1,213 1,419 1,229 1,103 1,327 1,217 1,215 1,022 940 Medical related calls 2,045 2,287 2,141 2.046 1.952 1,952 1,889 1,905 1.986 2,158 Parking Authority: 3,497 3,054 3,118 2,455 1,641 1,796 2,585 1,359 1,235 2,594 Parking violations Public Works Miles of street resurfacing 6.3 6.7 5.1 5.4 4.3 4.3 9.0 12.8 13.0 6.7 Work Orders completed 638 556 591 571 606 419 401 465 572 748 Public Recreation 38,573 38,078 Rounds of golf 35,761 35,888 33,349 37,138 37,001 38,247 36,196 36,796 Recreation center members 6,556 6,526 6,434 5,882 6,008 6,373 6,669 6,858 7,002 7,098 Summer camp participants 2,559 2,381 2,396 1,198 1,252 1,116 1,141 1,400 1,300 1,232 689 772 696 583 531 563 538 452 474 Martin park beach passes 548 Public Education Student enrollment 5,263 5,233 5.312 5.377 5,400 5,480 5,591 5,498 5,641 5.597

Source(s): Various Town Departments

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

FISCAL YEAR General Government Vehicles Public Safety Police stations Fire stations Police vehicles Fire vehicles Public Works Town roads (miles) 193.2 193.2 193.2 193.2 193.2 193.2 193.2 193.2 193.2 193.2 Town sidewalks (miles) 14.0 14.5 14.0 14.0 14.0 14.0 14.0 13.6 13.1 13.1 Sanitary sewers (miles) 20.3 20.3 20.3 20.3 20.3 20.3 20.3 20.3 20.3 20.3 Storm sewers (miles) 88.0 88.0 88.0 88.0 88.0 88.0 88.0 87.6 85.7 85.7 Treatment plants Highway vehicles Public Recreation Acreage 2,156 2,156 2,156 2,156 2,156 2,156 2,156 2,156 2,156 2,114 Athletic facilities: Baseball diamonds Basketball courts - Outside Soccer fields Football fields Playgrounds Tennis courts Skate board park Nature areas Picnic areas Swimming pools Vehicles Public Education Elementary schools Middle schools

Source(s): Various Town Departments

High schools